

SEE GOLDEN STARS.

indicating the Three States Where Equality Exists.

RS. EVERHARD COMES HOME.

National Woman Suffrage Association and its Work at Washington—That Enthusiasm Evincing and Satisfaction Progress Reported.

Mrs. Caroline McCullough Everhard, president of the Ohio Woman Suffrage Association, has returned from Washington, where she took part in the work of the national association, and received inspiration for her home labors. The twenty-eighth annual convention of the National Woman Suffrage Association just closed, said she, in discussing the events of the week, "has been a very successful one. The sessions were well attended. In the evenings the series were packed. Monday and Tuesday evenings all available space was filled and standing room only was to be had nearly an hour before the time for arriving had arrived. The platform was handsomely decorated with ferns and flowers, and Miss Anthony was showered with roses, lilies and carnations. The most noticeable feature of all the decorations was the large flag draped across the gallery bearing in its field three golden stars representing Wyoming, Colorado and Utah, the three states in which women have political privileges equal with men.

"For the first time in the history of the organization the association presented very state and territory as organized and much zest was given to the convention from the delegates of the Western states. They came from California, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Minnesota. The South also sent a strong delegation: North and South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Missouri, Kentucky and Louisiana. Mrs. Virginia D. Young, of South Carolina, presented a very cordial invitation to the convention to hold its next annual meeting in Charleston, the chamber of commerce of that city, also the Young Men's Business Association, endorsed the invitation most heartily, and should the business committee decide to take the convention into the south next year, it would be entertained with the proverbial Southern hospitality. California, St. Louis, Denver and Cincinnati presented invitations. It is probable the place chosen will be west of the Mississippi, because constitutional conventions and amendments are pending in several states and territories immediately surrounding the trio of true republics on the summit of the Rockies, and it is most desirable to secure a woman suffrage provision in the constitutions of these states now, during the formative period.

"An interesting part of the programme was the welcome extended to Utah by the Rev. Anna H. Shaw, and the responses by a brand new senator from that state, just sworn in that afternoon, and one of its representatives. Monday afternoon Mrs. McLean gave an elegant reception in honor of Mrs. Grant's seventieth birthday anniversary, to which she delegates were invited. The convention adjourned for an hour and accepted the courtesy of Mrs. McLean with much pleasure. Mrs. McLean, whose husband is the editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, stood in the reception room of her magnificent home, one of the finest in Washington, and greeted her guests most cordially. Miss Anthony, who was invited to luncheon, and was, therefore, present when the delegates arrived, stood in the farther part of the room and presented each member of the convention by name to the distinguished guest of Mrs. McLean, after which the massive doors leading to the dining room were thrown open, and a table was displayed exquisitely decorated with fruit and flowers. Her hostilities were dispensed by friends of the hostess. Mrs. McLean herself, with a charming graciousness of manner, passed hither and thither among her guests with plates of confections, and made each one feel that she was specially invited, and the occasion will not soon be forgotten by those present. Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris was among the guests.

"Tuesday morning, Jan. 28, the hearing was held before the Senate and House committee, where the Woman Suffrage amendment now rests. The delegates who were elected to speak before these committees were divided and part went to the Senate with the Rev. Anna Shaw presiding, and part to the House, Miss Anthony presiding. The women spoke well and to the point, not one exceeding the time allotted to her. The Judiciary committee of the House was composed of seventeen members, all but four being in their chairs. Quite a little excitement was raised when Mr. Blackwell, of Massachusetts, who spoke for the delegation of that state, said that there were no public schools south of Mason and Dixon's line before the carpet-baggers went down and established them whereupon a southern member of the committee immediately exploded and made the air fairly blue, declaring the assertion absolutely false. He was supported by the member who sat next, both of them shouting, 'stick to the truth, let the women plead their cause themselves, they do it better than order.' Miss Anthony soon restored order. Mr. Blackwell meekly said he was glad to be corrected if he had made a mis-statement, and finished his speech.

The dark and threatening looks of the southern men only relaxed when the women speakers again got under full sail. After the hearing was over the delegates went to the White House where Mrs. Cleveland received them in the Red Room, after which they passed into the Blue and Green rooms, the East room and out. It will be remembered that two years ago when Mrs. Cleveland was asked to name a time when she would receive the delegates to the National Suffrage Association,—she declined.

"The grandson of Frederick Douglass wrote to Miss Anthony that as his grandfather was always interested in the effort of women to obtain political freedom and attended the meetings up to the day of his death, and if it was the pleasure of the convention he would render a violin solo in memory of the distinguished ancestor. While the music continued tears found their way to the eyes of many who remembered the struggles of Mr. Douglass for woman and education. It was heartily enjoyed. Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Stetson, a great granddaughter of the Rev. Lyman Beecher, who is quite famous as a poet, made a very pleasing address. She also preached twice on Sunday. The Rev. Anna Shaw answered the assertions of Pres. Elliot of Harvard, that the woman had prevented certain remarks of his in their convention call and when she had finished she was a bigger man than Dr. Elliot in the minds of the audience.

"Nellie Hly came over from New York to ridicule the convention, but she went home and endorsed it. The elderly face of Grace Greenwood was seen upon the platform the last evening and Miss Anthony brought her forward and introduced her to the delegates, who received her most enthusiastically.

"In about half an hour one afternoon \$3,035 were subscribed to the organization fund. Last year the society, expended in round numbers \$5,000, and next year it wants \$10,000. A man from Pennsylvania subscribed \$100 to the fund and \$100 if they added another star to the woman's flag during the year.

"A resolution was adopted by the delegates in regular session, disclaiming all connection with the Woman's Bible or any other theological work.

"The wealth packed away in that region," said he, "is beyond the dreams of avarice. Strike a pick in the earth anywhere within five miles of Cripple Creek, and you will find gold. It is true that much of it yields only from \$10 to \$14 to the ton, and is therefore unprofitable to work, but much more is yielding immense profits. It is only a question of time when improved methods of reduction will make the inferior ores desirable, and that time is close at hand, as improvements are made daily. I am convinced that any claim in that region, if allowed to remain untouched, will advance in value by an immense percentage within a year, owing to the influx of eastern men and capital.

"Although I have been a resident of Colorado for several years, I did not comprehend until my return from Ohio, last fall, what was going on around me. Eastern people have come on, and seeing more clearly, perhaps, than the natives the great possibilities of the state, have organized companies, and now, between residents and outsiders, the wave of excitement is impossible to describe. Naturally there are many wildcat schemes, but taken as a whole the Colorado gold boom rests upon a secure foundation. It is a part of the mission of the New York Mining Stock Exchange to examine into the mines and prospects whose stocks are offered for sale, and it will no doubt prove a potent influence in weeding out unworthy enterprises.

GOING TO PALESTINE.

Matthias Denkhans and His Religious Project. Three years ago Matthias Denkhans, of Navarre, received a divine call to enter into the work of the Lord. Instead of responding immediately, however, Mr. Denkhans decided that he would spend a few years in the suburbs and build up his health, which was not very strong. The time is now at hand when he is prepared to enter into the great work, and on next Monday he will leave Navarre forever, and on Wednesday will set sail for the Old World. Mr. Denkhans will do missionary work and will decide upon his plan of procedure when he arrives in Palestine, where he will make his headquarters. Mr. Denkhans is in moderate circumstances and he proposes to carry out his project on his own resources.

HE CAME FROM CHICAGO.

A Light Fingering Youth Finds Himself in Jail.

KOONS FOUND GUILTY.

A Verdict of Murder in the First Degree.

THE JURY OUT UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

End of the Hollidaysburg Trial in Which the Young Massillonian, Under the Alias of Frank Wilson, is Charged With the Murder of Bonnecke.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 30.—In the trial of Frank Wilson for the murder of H. Bonnecke, several witnesses Wednesday gave testimony tending to show that Wilson was the man who recently assaulted and robbed Peter Swab, an Altoona merchant. Detective D. McSweeney created a sensation by producing a statement in the nature of a confession of the crime made by James Farrell, Wilson's alleged accomplice in the murder. The court ruled that this statement was inadmissible in evidence. T. Southwood, a friend of Wilson, testified that the latter told him before his departure with the disguised detectives for New York: "I am going to join the crooks and need not work any more."

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 31.—Judge Martin Bell began his charge to the jury this afternoon, in the case of George Koons alias Frank Wilson, charged with murder in the first degree. This morning G. H. Spang closed the argument for the defendant and I. H. Greery for the commonwealth.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Jan. 31.—The last day in the trial of Frank Wilson for the murder of Henry Bonnecke was occupied with closing arguments to the jury. District attorney William S. Hammond spoke for the prosecution and Robert A. Henderson for the defense. Mr. Hammond alluded to the alarming prevalence of crime in Blair county as the necessity of the presence here of the New York detectives here, and he cited the famous Molly Maguires' prejudiced hearing for detectives. Judge Bell charged the jury Friday afternoon.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Feb. 1.—George Koons, alias Frank Wilson, whose parents reside in Massillon, O., was this morning convicted of the murder of old Henry Bonnecke, in Altoona, on the night of April 6, 1895. The case had been on trial in the Blair county courts for twelve days. An immense amount of circumstantial testimony was offered by the commonwealth, and the defense failed to break the strong chain of evidence against the prisoner, whose only defense was in trying to show that the old man had been murdered prior to his release from jail here on the afternoon of April 6. At the same time he made a futile attempt to prove an alibi. The arguments of the able counsel, District Attorney Hammond and T. H. Greery, Esq., for the commonwealth, and G. H. Shang, Esq., and R. A. Henderson Esq., for the defense, consumed the last two days of the trial.

Judge Bell charged the jury, last evening, taking two hours. The jury was out just five hours returning to the court room at 12 o'clock a. m. (midnight.) The prisoner was brought up from jail to hear the verdict, which was guilty of murder in the first degree. Koons, or Wilson as he is best known here, never flinched. He manifested no emotion. He still maintains his innocence.

Before separation the jurors signed a paper asking the pardon board of the state to commute the extreme penalty to imprisonment. Wilson's counsel have asked leave to file a motion for a new trial.

"A DEN OF THIEVES."

The Misrepresentations of a Cleveland Paper Corrected.

The Cleveland World, probably inspired by a mischievous enemy of the Hawaiian band, who has been heard from before, contains a long article that is unimportant except in the following passages: "The Hawaiian government has made arrangements to pay from the public treasury the cost of sending the members of the Hawaiian band back to their native country. * * * Massillon was the next place where they were booked. There the climax was reached. * * * Endurance could go no further. The journey was at an end. The poor fellows were hanging around Massillon, feeling like the man who went down from Jerusalem to Jericho and fell among thieves, when the generous hand of their government, like that of the good Samaritan, was reached out for their relief."

The truth is that the Hawaiian government has not arranged to transport the musicians to Honolulu. They are now in Pittsburgh, playing an engagement at the Casino, and under contract to receive \$600 per week. As to falling among "a den of thieves" in Massillon, it is only necessary to refer to their letters and spoken words of thanks to the people in Massillon. It was not the Hawaiian government but the band members and citizens of Massillon who put the strangers on their feet, fed them and sent them off re-organized, with money in their pockets. The World, ignorant, no doubt, insults this community.

FOR SALE—A 13 horse traction engine, water tank, Wooster double picket mill, new buzz saw, all in first class order. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Call on or address

JAMES BUTTERMORE, North Lawrence, O.

COURT HOUSE AND COUNTY.

New Cases Noted—That Burglary Continues to Excite Interest.

CANTON, Jan. 30.—Austin C. Brant has sued Impertus Martin to recover payment of two promissory notes given in the sum of \$600 each. Both notes are secured by mortgage and the plaintiff desires the property appraised and sold to satisfy the claim.

AN UNREVEALED MYSTERY.

The robbery at the Wertz residence on Monday night continues to attract considerable attention, and there is a mystery connected therewith which is still unsolved. Officers in charge of the bloodhounds that were taken to the house, on returning gave the information that no trail had been taken by the hounds. This, it develops, is not true and it is said that the dogs went direct to the residence of Ollie Lenhart, who is the husband of Stella Wertz, but has not been living with her owing to family differences for over a year past. Lenhart said concerning this that he was of the opinion that whoever perpetrated the burglary purposely took the course leading past his house to direct suspicion toward him, and thinks that the letters from his wife's trunk may have been taken for the same purpose, although it is hinted that an entirely different mystery is back of the case.

PROBATE COURT NEWS.

In the estate of Julia Ann Hall, of Lexington township, Dr. S. F. Baling has been appointed administrator.

L. M. Jones is the administrator in the estate of John P. Greenwell, of Lexington township.

The will of Rachel Trump, of Canton township, has been filed for probate.

Reuben Shoemaker, of Lake township, assigned on Wednesday afternoon to J. L. Maurer and John H. Spenseller. The assets are estimated at \$1,500, the liabilities at \$1,300.

The wills of John Spangler, of Canton, and Samuel Eschliman, of Alliance, have been admitted to probate.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Ray C. Shenkel and Anna P. Morrow, of Minerva, and Anthony Hall and Rachel Longworth, of North Lawrence.

CANTON, Feb. 1.—The damage case of Harry D. McDonald against the W. & L. E. railway will be tried on Monday in court room No. 1, before Judge McCarty. Mr. McDonald was on the engine that crashed through a trestle west of Massillon. The accident resulted in the death of Trainmaster George R. Gibson and in McDonald losing a leg. Judge Thayer, of Canton, H. K. Kennedy and James Anderson, of Youngstown, are attorneys for the plaintiffs, and Lawyers Day, Lynch & Day will represent the railway company.

ASSIGNMENT MATTERS.

In the assignment of Charles W. Robinson, of Canal Fulton, a partial dividend of 20 per cent. was ordered paid today. A final dividend of 18 per cent. has been ordered in the assignment of J. Perskey & Co., of Massillon, and 8 per cent. in Matthew C. Freeman's Canton assignment.

FOR BREACH OF PROMISE.

Judge McCarty decided the breach of promise case of Mary E. McCormick against Wm. J. Essig, yesterday afternoon. A decree of \$3,000 was granted in favor of the plaintiff. After repeated promises Essig refused to marry Miss McCormick.

A MASSILLON CASE.

John W. Stonehill secured judgment against Jordan Stanley, in the sum of \$361.20 in August, 1895. In a petition filed today the plaintiff's claim there is due Stanley from Emma and George Squires \$120. He desires the latter to be compelled by court to pay this amount toward satisfying the judgment claim.

THE R. A. MILLER TRIAL.

The time set for the hearing of the case of Ohio against Robert A. Miller, charged with embezzlement, has been postponed from February 10 to March 9. The change of date was made necessary on account of the circuit court February 25, and in which counsel for both sides of the case in question will have suits demanding their attention.

BEWARE OF QUININE.

Mr. Scheer Says it is an Intoxicant in a Way of Its Own.

John Scheer, when he was released from the city prison this morning, told a wonderful story of the effect of quinine on the human system. Mr. Scheer, it should be mentioned, had been arrested for over indulgence, but that, he says, is a false charge. "It is true," said Mr. Scheer, "that my foot steps were rather wavering but it was not from the effect of drink. I had but one drink of whisky but I was foolish enough to take a dose of quinine shortly after, and immediately a dizziness came over me. But as for being drunk that is entirely out of the question."

Mrs. Ella Jones reversed her plea to guilty, Thursday evening, and was fined the costs by Acting Mayor Sibila.

William Davis was discharged this morning, Acting Mayor Sibila having decided that Mrs. Jones was the principal offender.

MR. LINCOLN IS HUMAN.

A Wild Flight Through the Air and Its Consequences.

Mr. Abe Lincoln at last painfully realizes that after all he is but human. He has had many narrow escapes in his time, and he still carries a variety of scars which tell stories of scores of accidents in which he escaped death by a hair's breadth. Thursday evening he attempted to alight from No. 3 at the West Main street crossing. Mr. Lincoln has a dim recollection of a flight through the atmosphere, and numerous large and painful contusions on all parts of his body, remind him of an encounter with the paved street. His head is horribly lacerated, his ankle is badly sprained and it is feared that his arm is broken. He was taken to the infirmary this morning.

THE DALTON BURGLARS

Apprehended, It is Thought, at the County Seat.

TWO SUSPECTS ARRESTED TODAY

Nicholas Gonder and Thomas Clark the Names of the Prisoners—Masons Have a Banquet at Canal Fulton—Other News. By Town News.

CANTON, Feb. 1.—Thomas Clark and Nicholas Gonder were arrested by the Canton police, this morning, on suspicion of having burglarized Freet's clothing store at Dalton. The two suspects claim Chicago as their home, but for some time they have been hanging about Canton. Last night the police were notified that the men were expected to return to the city by a Cantonian who claimed to have overheard them lay plans to rob the Freet store. A sharp watch was kept during the night, but the men did not arrive until 5 o'clock this morning. They alighted from a freight train and entered Lippert's saloon, where they were captured. Each wore a heavy overcoat and under this had numerous articles of clothing wrapped about their bodies. They also had a satchel in their possession which contained some jewelry and smaller articles of clothing. The Dalton authorities were notified of the arrest, and the proprietors of the store answered that they would leave for Canton at once to identify the stolen goods.

MASONIC BANQUET AT FULTON.

CANAL FULTON, Feb. 1.—The Masonic fraternity of this place held their annual banquet at the lodge room last evening, and was attended by about 125 people, including members of the order, their families and friends. The feast was of surpassing excellence, including all the luxuries and delicacies of the season. Music was furnished by a local mandolin and guitar club. After the supper Mr. J. H. Focht, who was master of ceremonies, delivered a fine address of welcome, after which the following toasts were responded to: "Masonry in its Relation to the Church," the Rev. Mr. Baichly of the Reformed church; "Masonry in its Relation to Good Government and Good Citizenship," the Rev. Mr. Yoder, of the M. E. Church; and "The Ladies," by Dr. A. B. Campbell. The evening was one of rare enjoyment to the large company. The Hon. and Mrs. S. A. Conrad, of Massillon, and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Campbell were the out of town guests.

WEST BROOKFIELD HAPPENINGS.

WEST BROOKFIELD, Feb. 1.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 3, Prof. Frank S. Fox, manager King's School of Oratory, Pittsburg, Pa., will lecture in the Lutheran church. Prof. Fox comes highly recommended as one of the most entertaining elocutionists and ventriloquists in America. Doors open, 7 p. m. Admission, 10 and 15 cents.

News has recently reached this place of the death of Angeline, wife of Jacob Bickley, formerly of this place.

LOCAL OPTION ELECTION.

NEW BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The village of New Berlin and Plain township will vote on local option on February 24. The territory includes one section of Meyer's Lake, the summer resort owned by the Reymann Brewing Company, of Wheeling, where a large hotel and saloon is conducted. Both sides are preparing for a hard contest, and a bitter campaign is probable.

WAYNE COUNTY CHICKEN THIEVES.

WOOSTER, Jan. 30.—All winter the farmers in this neighborhood have suffered greatly from stolen poultry, turkeys and ducks. Last week Frank Maize lost some turkeys but found a soft hat in the tree, which bears the name of an Akron dealer. This was turned over to Wooster officers and the clew run down and resulted in the arrest of John McConnell, aged 22, who lives near Cross Keys. His partner, James Shanklin, escaped. Yesterday afternoon he confessed, implicating Shanklin.

A NEW THING IN SOCIALS.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Jan. 30.—The avoirdupois social held by the Good Templar lodge of this place, in the lodge room Saturday night, was the grandest affair of its kind ever held in this place. Each lady's name and weight was written on a card and put in the sack, which were drawn out by two girls, and the gentleman whose name was mated paid one-fifth of a cent per pound. After all were sold they repaired to the vacant room under the lodge room, where a bountiful spread had been prepared, to which all did justice to the occasion. The song rendered by Chas. Jones touched the hearts of all present. The proceeds amounted to \$13.

LOST HIS LEFT EYE.

NORWALK, Jan. 30.—Dewey Wolcott, of the Lake Shore machine shop, had the great misfortune yesterday to lose the sight of his left eye while at work repairing a locomotive. He was chipping a bolt out of the saddle of an engine, when a piece of the bolt flew out and struck him in his left eye, entirely destroying the sight.

Burglars at Dalton.

DALTON, Jan. 30.—Another attempt was made to burglarize E. Freet's clothing store last night, and this time it was successful. A panel was cut out of the back door, and the thieves gained an entrance. It is not yet known how much was taken. They are invoicing today in

order to find out how much was stolen. The parties left their old clothes in exchange for the new.

QUESTIONS FOR TEACHERS.

Inquiries Put to Them at the Local County Examination.

The night schools established by Supt. L. W. Day, at Canton this winter are accomplishing much good. There are eight schools presided over by experienced teachers, mostly principals of the buildings in which the schools are held. They are in session from 7 to 9 five days out of the week. The text books are furnished by the board, and pupils over twenty-one years of age are charged twenty-five cents tuition for the term. The teachers receive \$10 a month for their services.

The examiners will hold a meeting in the high school room at Navarre, Saturday, February 15th.

There will be a re-union of the old teachers and pupils of the Stumpsschool in Bethlehem township, Friday, February 14th.

The teachers in Bethlehem township, will hold an institute at the Smoketown school house on Saturday, February 8th.

The following lists were used by the county school examiners at their meeting at Minerva last Saturday:

ARITHMETIC.

1. How much greater is the product of 15 1/6 and 8 2/3, than their sum?
2. A cubic foot of water weighs 62.356 pounds; iron is 7.8 times heavier than water; find the exact weight of 720 cubic inches of iron.
3. Express in proper form a true proportion whose extremes are 4 bushels and \$22 50.
4. What is the effect of annexing decimal ciphers to a number? Why?
5. A man sowed wheat in a 12 acre field, which is 20 per cent. larger than his oats field, and the oats field is 25 per cent. smaller than his rye field. How many acres has he in the three fields?
6. The tax on an assessment of \$4,200 is \$24.78. Required the rate in mills per dollar of assessment.
7. What is the area of a rectangular garden, three times as long as wide, that is inclosed with 320 feet of fence?
8. Give two composite numbers greater than 40 that are relatively prime. Show why.
9. How many yards of canvas are needed to make a conical tent 15 feet high and 12 feet in diameter?
10. What is the per cent. of gain or loss on lead pencils costing \$2 per gross and retailing at 2 cents apiece?

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Define perihelion, and aphelion. When do they occur?
2. Give one proof that the earth is round. One that it revolves around the sun. One that it rotates on its axis.
3. How many rotations on its axis does the earth make in a leap year? What is the width, in miles, of the torrid zone? Of the temperate zones?
4. What are the uses of mountains? Of volcanoes and earthquakes?
5. How is man classified with respect to his physical characteristics? How with respect to his manner of living?
6. Where are the following minerals found in the United States: Iron, lead, silver, copper, marble?
7. What and where are the following: Transvaal, Armenia, Hecla, Golden Gate, Itasca?

HISTORY.

1. What is history? With what does history deal principally?
2. Name three settlements made in the first twenty years of the seventeenth century, by whom made?
3. When and where was the first college founded in America?
4. What were the most decisive land and naval battles of the war of 1812?
5. Name the presidents of the United States who served less than four years. Why?
6. Bound the United States as it was at the adoption of the constitution.
7. State three prominent events of Jefferson's administration.
8. Name five of the oldest cities of Ohio.
9. What cities have been the capital of this state?
10. Compare the first settlers of Virginia and Massachusetts.

SPELLING.

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| valuable, | precede, | Briton, |
| grammar, | intercode, | gambol, |
| dolorous, | supercede, | fatiguing, |
| Pestalozzi, | recipiente, | gaueable, |
| increasing, | scientific, | singeing, |
| prairies, | benefitted, | judgment, |
| interferes, | conferred, | chinnies, |
| inaugural, | minicking, | mosquitoes, |
| payable, | tournament, | stiletos, |
| collectible, | allegiance, | ostavos, |
| pretentious, | parliament, | bowled, |

IT IS FOUNDATIONLESS.

Ex-Secretary Whitney Not After the Zoar Community.

The report is in circulation that a syndicate headed by William C. Whitney, of New York, is negotiating for the purchase of the property of the Zoar community, expecting to convert it into an immense park, and stock it with deer and game. An inquiry sent to L. Zimmerman, secretary of the Zoar Society, elicits this reply:

Zoar, Jan. 31.—There is no truth in the report whatever. No negotiations of any sort are pending.

L. ZIMMERMAN.

DIED OF HYDROPHOBIA.

A Canal Dover Man the Victim of a Mad Dog.

NEW PHILADELPHIA, O., Jan. 30.—Andrew Pirman, of Canal Dover, died of hydrophobia Wednesday morning. While trying to separate two dogs that were fighting, several weeks since, one of them bit him, producing hydrophobia, resulting in his death. He was a widower and his age was sixty years.

If you want a pair of fine boots or shoes, hand made, to order, you can get them at 21 West Main street. Shoes made in all styles, sewed or pegged. Repairing promptly and neatly done. Open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Herman R. Hints.

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY.

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
18 North Erie St., Massillon, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1883.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1886.

Long Distance Telephone No. 60.
Farmer's Telephone No. 60.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1896.

The Beach City News has expired. Editor Spidell announces: "With this issue of the Beach City News we bid our readers farewell. We have faithfully endeavored to keep up during the hard times, but have nothing to speak of to show for our labor."

The only ripping that should be done at Columbus, should be done to the rippers. If municipal governments are dissatisfactory let them remain so, and THE INDEPENDENT hopes that the unsatisfaction with them will increase and multiply until we have a scientific adjustment that shall include every city, and not one made to gratify certain political bosses.

Representative Austin has come home from Columbus to spend Sunday. He says that he has a bill prepared, providing for the proper and equitable reorganization of the county board of elections, and is merely waiting to co-operate with Senator Williams, who is equally interested in remedying the situation whereby membership on the present board is limited to the county seat.

Ex-Governor McKinley keeps a photograph of Speaker Reed upon his mantle, and THE INDEPENDENT prints four columns about the brainy man from Maine today. We all honor and respect him, and perhaps if we hadn't a friend and fellow citizen nearer home, who seems to be very much in demand, we might want to have Ohio go in his direction next summer. But as things stand, it looks as though Mr. McKinley's vacation would be limited.

In his last report to the state department Consul Howells writes from Cardiff that the tin plate trade is looking up. "It is remarkable," he says, "how decided has been the change in popular feeling in consequence of the news that the price of steel had advanced to such an extent that tin plates could not be manufactured at competitive prices. An immense improvement has already taken place here in the steel trade, although as yet, prices have not been enhanced to the same extent as in the United States; and herein lies the hope of the tin plate makers, for if it should ensue that the boom in prices corresponds in degree to that which has taken place in the United States, the Welshmen would gain no advantage. It is worthy of note that the manufacturers are bestirring themselves in the direction of opening new markets, because they feel that their hold upon the American market is by no means a firm one."

The Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railway company, recognizing the place occupied by electricity as a motive power, are preparing thus to operate trains between Jackson and Wellston, a distance of 10 miles. The motors are equipped with Buckeye couplers, are to be electrically heated and lighted and capable of making 60 miles an hour. The motors are 60 horse power, are provided with doors in the vestibules similar to the new pattern of vestibule on Pullman cars and are seated lengthwise at either end and similar to a day coach in the middle. They have two four-wheel trucks with 38-inch wheels and a trolley to the side instead of directly overhead to prevent the corrosion of the trolley wire from smoke out of the engines hauling steam trains and to prevent brakemen from being discommoded by a trolley wire directly above the track. The steam railways, threatened with competition by the advance of electricity, may find in the foregoing a suggestion for themselves. Should the Wheeling & Lake Erie equip itself for light traffic between Massillon and Zoar, for instance, Mr. Lynch would find his Navarre prospects vanished, when at length he makes up his mind to fulfill his agreement. Similarly the Pennsylvania Company might utilize its M. & C. line from here to Canal Fulton. The track is laid, power is easily available, and very little is needed in the way of additional investment.

THOUGHTS FOR A THINKER.

While ex-Governor McKinley is reflecting upon the possibilities of this life, the advisability of learning to ride a bicycle and the advantages of private citizenship from a candidate's point of view, he might also include these suggestions from THE INDEPENDENT, designed for future application:

Secretary of State W. R. Day.
Secretary of the Treasury J. Whiting, Jr.

Secretary of War J. J. Clark.
Secretary of the Navy George E. Baldwin.

Secretary of the Interior A. C. Towner.
Secretary of Agriculture Edward S. Ruff.

Postmaster General Josiah Hartzell.
Attorney General Allen Carnes.

It is respectfully submitted that Mr. McKinley may look farther and make up a much poorer cabinet. This is a

protective tariff, home grown cabinet, with a rose thrown over the party wall for our friend the enemy. It is believed that this adjustment of things would give satisfaction in Canton. To be sure, it would prevent Mr. Carnes from becoming prosecuting attorney of Stark county, but this calamity might not be displeasing to Mr. C. C. Upham, or to Mr. A. M. McCarty, who is understood to be wobbling on the top round of the fence, with chances favoring a fall among the candidates.

GOOD FOR MR. WILHELM.

Representative George W. Wilhelm, of Stark county, has prepared a bill providing for the reduction of railroad passenger rates from three to two cents a mile. Mr. Wilhelm is quoted as being discouraged in his project by other members, but, he comments, "I feel that it is not a subject to be passed over that way."

"It seems to me that few matters of greater importance will be brought before the assembly, and the members cannot better serve their constituents than by passing such a bill. All but poor people ride now for two cents per mile. Thousand mile books may be obtained for \$20, and what I desire is that the advantage of that rate be extended to those who cannot afford to buy the books. Persons who spend \$10 or \$15 a year for railroad fare have been paying three cents per mile long enough, and the companies can well afford to make a reduction."

Mr. Wilhelm is right. We have been paying two cents a mile in spots, long enough. The railways are common carriers, and by the sale of mileage books and offering of special rates to favored localities have justified legislation which will correct evils they seem to be unable to wipe out themselves. Wherever electricity has come in competition with steam, the railway companies have already reduced their fares or are about to do so. As a rule the cuts benefit some one large city on each line, while the smaller cities must pay full rates on their business. The tendency of this discrimination, while in the nature of things unjust, is to cripple the trade of the minor points for the advantage of others. Mr. Wilhelm ought to incorporate in his bill some provision regarding passes. We pay our legislators a salary and mileage, and if they accept favors from railways it must be that the latter expect thereby to curry favor. The acceptance of passes by members is contrary to the best sentiment of our people and should be stopped.

MEMORIAL TO GENERAL POE.

Acting for Michigan Commandery, of the Loyal Legion, L. S. Trowbridge, R. A. Alger and Henry R. Mizner, have prepared an unpublished memorial of General Orlando M. Poe, for the records of the Commandery and for the family. General Poe was one of the most distinguished sons of Massillon, and his death on October 2nd, of last year, while regarded as a national calamity, occasioned a deeper regret among this old home friends. The memorial briefly speaks of his entrance into the civil war from Detroit, under the command of General, then Captain, Meade.

"When the states began organizing their troops for the approaching struggle," the committee continues, "Lieut. Poe was invited by Governor Dennison of Ohio to assist him in organizing the Ohio troops. Filled with patriotic zeal he at once applied to Capt. Meade for a sufficient leave of absence to enable him to comply with Governor Dennison's request. But that officer, apparently lacking the clearness of vision as to the hurrying events of the near future which had stirred Poe's pulse, declined to grant the leave requested. Governor Dennison then requested Lieut. Poe to recommend some competent person for that duty, and he recommended George B. McClellan, a graduate of West Point Military Academy, who had resigned his position in the army, and was then in civil life. McClellan was selected and when the Ohio troops were ready to take the field, who so likely to go in command of them as the man who had organized them? Had Lieut. Poe's request for leave of absence been granted, there is no reason to doubt that he would have led the Ohio troops to the field, and the same successes in West Virginia which made McClellan famous would without doubt have crowned his efforts, and who shall say that they would not, in all human probability, have placed him in command of the army of the Potomac?"

This incident, it is believed, is comparatively unknown to those familiar with the main outlines of General Poe's distinguished career. The memorial deals in no fulsome praise, but with "words full freighted with honest sympathy" tells of the manner of man he was.

The Seventh Victim Dies.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Feb. 1.—Samuel Marks, one of the victims of the boiler explosion, has died, making the seventh death due to the terrible accident. Samuel Kephart, John Woerner, Superintendent B. F. Cramer and Robert Marks are not expected to recover.

To Investigate Tariff Discrimination.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The house committee on ways and means has adopted a resolution providing for an investigation of tariff discriminations against American products and of the effect of the repeal of the reciprocity laws.

Prince Ferdinand's Resignation.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 1.—It is asserted in Slavophile circles that the Bulgarian question is approaching a solution, and that Prince Ferdinand's resignation is only a matter of time.

BILL NYE AND OLLIE.

A LIFE SKETCH AND THE GREAT LESSON IT TEACHES.

The hapless Postmaster of Pokeberry Branch and His Remarkable Adventure With a Woman Who Had Been "Amended"—The Letter That Never Came.

(Copyright, 1896, by Edgar W. Nye.)
ARDEN P. O., HENDERSON CO.,
THIS STATE, Jan. 18.

Kope Elias Sundayed in town last Tuesday.

Colonel Bill Cicero will take up the Turkey Tail school again next month. His vacation in January was due to the hellish work of our overzealous grand jury. Why cause a scandal about a mule anyhow?

Some days ago I wrote to a neighboring editor, who writes over the pseudonym of Ollie K. Sox, and asked him if he would not early in the glad new year publish a biographical sketch of his life in order to show the rising generation how easy it is for a chump to rise in literature, and that there is no more trouble in making a good living in literature than there is in counting the colored vote in South Carolina.

I did not think that he would at once respond, but the last issue of his paper contains what I requested and is really



NYE GOES NEWS GATHERING.

worth reading. It has also done a great deal of good. Among other things, it has encouraged me to call in all the autobiographies I have ever written and also several that have been written without my knowledge.

If this little sketch, copied verbatim, should prevent any misguided member of the legislature or warn him just as he is about to write a life of himself, so that the space may be used for pure reading matter instead, the object of this paragraph will have been attained. Ollie K. Sox is an assumed name which I have given him in order to spare his family, in which direction I may say he is extremely well fixed.

After giving date of birth, etc., he goes on:

"Next I went to school to a governess and she was a Miss Spurling who had a mind so easy that the smallest child could learn from her and I was one of them children who learn well and readily. The next day I was sent on a call to Newark, N. J., to Miss Brown to dine and then the next day see the Buckingham hotel in New York and see the sleeping beauty. I next took my music box to be fixed on 29 1878. On the following Monday I went to a colored entertainment called 'The Fool's Revenge.' It was very fine. I then went to have my watch fixed and was using Papa's while mine was away. On the following Saturday I went to the Dentists at 9:30 being in May 1878. On September 12 1878 I went in business with my brother-in-law but was soon down sick for a week until the 16 of September. The reaction was too great for me to go so violent into the play ground in the business of life but yet what once endured cannot be obscured and to-day I am one of the leading men in the newspaper kingdom."

It seems to me that a man who would visit the Buckingham hotel and witness a sleeping beauty at the same time would do well to keep it as quiet as possible; otherwise it might be used against him in the future.

Still the old adage afterward quoted—that what is once endured cannot be obscured—may come in there, which reminds me of the expression made by a man who asked me the other day for a temporary loan of \$8 to pay a debt which he owed to my wife. He said that no doubt it might look to me like "robbing Peter to pay Paul," but it was all right.

The postmaster at the place named below sends me a note of inquiry which I insert here in order to aid a good cause. Should any reader of this page recall to memory dear a man with a pair of mules named Jen and Beck about 13 years ago or at present, and claiming to be a "bachelor" (the man, I mean), will he write to the address given and thus throw light on one who evidently is not a bachelor at present or 13 years ago?

People whose business calls them into society where persons who like their dram are most likely to be found will do well to remember Mr. Randolph and keep an eye out for a pair of mules named Jen and Beck at present or 13 years ago:

Mr. postmaster Wellington ill's please inform me if you know anything of a man by the name of Randolph claiming to be an old Bachelor living in your town or country, about 13 years ago or at present. Randolph is a man that used like his dram. About 13 years ago he owned a pair of mules. Their names were Jen and Beck. resp yours

Cassville Barry Co. Mo.

M. S. RANDOLPH

A scared postmaster and a new woman got up quite an excitement in the little town of Pokeberry Branch recently. The postoffice sold to the lady a money order payable to those rising young merchants, the Messrs. Hilton, Hughes &

Co., New York city. She had a little black haversack inside a small handbag, and inside of the little haversack was a purse containing a \$1 bill and a cunning little chatelaine watch which could run a week between breakfast and lunch without getting out of breath.

There were also some samples of fiber chamois and a powder rag.

"How much are your charges?" she said, opening up her valises like a surgeon going down after a case of appendicitis.

"Well, that will depend on the size of the order, madam," said the anxious postmaster, for he was in a hurry and had his quarterly statement to make to the government, and two or three were waiting to get their Christmas packages to see how near they sized up in value with those sent in exchange for same.

The fire also was going out, and the postmaster wanted to slip away and mash up another panel of fence to kindle it again, and also he lacked about \$8.75 of making up the government's share of the quarterly receipts.

"Fill out one of them applications," he said, chucking the south end of a starchbox into the stove and going away to measure out some kerosene and do up a four foot candy cane and getting the flavors a good deal mixed.

"What day of the month is this, please?" she asked the postmaster as he went out on the street to buy all that was mortal of a pink shote cut V shaped in the neck.

"It's the 10th," he panted as he threw his grewsome burden on the scales and brushed the cold lead lard from his Spanish moss whiskers.

"I want to get this off early," she said, "because it's an order for Christmas, and I would feel like kicking you full of holes if you disappointed little Plantagenet of his sled."

"Yes, ma'am," said the tired postmaster, putting the last drop of humidity he had on a stamp for a little colored girl whose father still thinks he has the right of suffrage.

"Can you hustle this right through so there won't be any delay, please?" she said, looking at him earnestly and stabbing her pen into the large Early Rose potato which stood at the desk for that purpose and then looking far away like a woman who is about to endorse a check on the wrong end.

"Waal, I cud go along with it, of co'se, if you wuz in a right much of a hurry, but yit it wud cost mo' to do it," says the postmaster, beginning to cut up the cold and pulseless clay of the hog and lay the fragments on a large holiday display of ladies' and children's fine white goods.

"Don't get flussy now," said she, turning around and putting one foot on a keg of nails so that her bicycle pants could defy the police. "Don't you dare to jerk any thralldom on me, or I'll give you some talk with the bark on it. I want you to understand that I've been emancipated."

"When did that happen?" says the postmaster, winking at an old colored girl who was worth \$1,000 before the war.

"Never you mind when it happened," said she, reaching tumultuously for her handkerchief and pulling out by mistake a small bicycle oil can and a little mammoth stomach pump for inflating a wheel when it has that tired feeling. "If I don't hear from this order by return mail, there'll be a new postmaster in here before the jonquils come again, and that ain't all, birdie. I'll tell you another thing, too—if you don't quit wiping your hands on the dome of your pants, I'll fix it so that you won't sell much of that there pork. How do you spell hustle?"

"Yes, but I don't see what that's got to do with a money order," said the postmaster, scratching his nose on a barrel full of brooms, for his hands were lardy, and his nose itched powerful and scandalous.

The new woman looked over her work, at last spelled "hustle" as she would "muscle," and smiled at something in the postscript on the application which she had just written and was about to mail, when the postmaster returned to the department, wiped his hands on a New York Tribune and then reminded her that the thing she had just toyed with was an application, and then he said: "Madam, if you'll excuse the pine blackness of a rough old cuss that's berried three (3) women all better and smarter a damsite 'n what you be, I'll



SHE WAS EMANCIPATED.

say right here that, pore as I am today, I'd rather foller my fourth woman to her grave than see her emancipated, as you call it."

She said that men with three or four dead wives most generally seemed opposed to pro-gress, she'd noticed, and then she got her P. O. money order for \$1.98, called the dog, put her two copper cents into her purse, the purse into the portemonnaie, the portemonnaie into the haversack, the haversack into the handbag, slung it over her shoulder and pulled her wheel out on the street. One leg hung in the zenith for a moment as she bestrode her wheel, there was a fleeting flit of leather leggings pumping like everything, a frightened team or two,

the cries of the wounded, the unutterable peace of the dead, and she was gone.

That evening she came again to the postoffice to see if the package had come from Hilton, Hughes & Co., but the cold, calm face of the postmaster and the sudden recollection that it requires a week to send a letter from Pokeberry Branch P. O. to New York and secure an answer decided her to ask the postmaster if he had any upright pianos suitable for Christmas presents and then to go on.

For three weeks the new woman clamored for her Hilton, Hughes & Co. package, and then Plantagenet came and abused the postmaster also.

Finally, in answer to a letter sent to the postmaster general, a special agent came to Pokeberry Branch P. O. and asked for the new woman.

He told her that it was a solemn thing to charge a poor postmaster with appropriating her money. What proof had she? "Proof!" she snorted as she laughed in her sleeve till it was most full. "I have his receipt, and the money never got to New York."

"Let me see the receipt," she pulled it from a little purse that she took from a portemonnaie which she took from a little haversack which was contained in a little handbag.

"Some would of tore up the receipt, but I did not. When I deal with a man that's got a cemetery full of hump shouldered wives, deformed by their burdens of thralldom, I jing, I keep the receipt. We live not in the dark ages, but in the bright fin de turbele of advanced thought, I jing."

"But, madam," said the special agent, "this is not a receipt. It's the money order itself. Send it to Hilton, Hughes & Co., and Plantagenet shall have his toy. Good evening. I have just time to catch a bull team for Biltmore if I run 28 m'es. Good evening."

And he was gone down the red clay road, hitting only the high places every little while with a glad cry as he ran.

Bill Nye

Horrible Fate of a Workman.

WILKESBARRE, Feb. 1.—Michael Crevick at the Prospect breaker was in the dirt chute when one of the loaders began to "draw" dirt into a car. Crevick was buried in the dirt and it was impossible for him to extricate himself. The loader was unaware of Crevick's predicament and continued drawing. Crevick died of suffocation.

Forger Brigham Sentenced.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Paul Brigham, who pleaded guilty to having forged the certificate of a check on the Columbia National bank of Washington, by which the Lincoln National bank of this city was swindled out of \$6,500, has been sentenced to seven years in state's prison by Judge Cowing.

Labor Leader Dempsey Released.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 1.—Labor Leader Dempsey has been released from the penitentiary.

A GREAT SALE FOR THIRTY DAYS. 25 per cent OFF

Commencing Monday, January 20th.

To reduce our Immense stock of—

Chinaware, Queensware, Glassware, LAMPS, etc.

We will for the next Thirty Days sell our entire stock on the second floor, Dinner Sets alone excepted, at a reduction of Twenty-five per cent.

CLOSE BUYERS

who realized how low our prices were during the Holidays, will fully appreciate this immense cut.

We call especial attention to our line of Lamps. A finer or more varied stock was never placed on sale in this city, and the prices now



asked are lower than ever known before. Our shelves are full of the finest grades of

American Imported Chinaware,

Bric-a-brac, etc., every piece of which will go at the reduced price. As a sample of what we propose doing, note the following prices on first-class grades of White Granite Ware:

American White Granite. Meakins White Granite

Handled Cups and Saucers per set.....25c
Unhandled Cups and Saucers per set.....20c
Dinner Plates per set.....30c
Breakfast Plates per set.....25c
Covered Chambers.....39c
Uncovered Chambers.....24c

Handled cups and saucers.....49c
Unhandled " "39c
Dinner plates per set.....49c
Breakfast plates per set.....39c
Wash Bowl and Pitcher.....73c

S. F. WEFELER,

31 East Main Street, - - - Massillon.

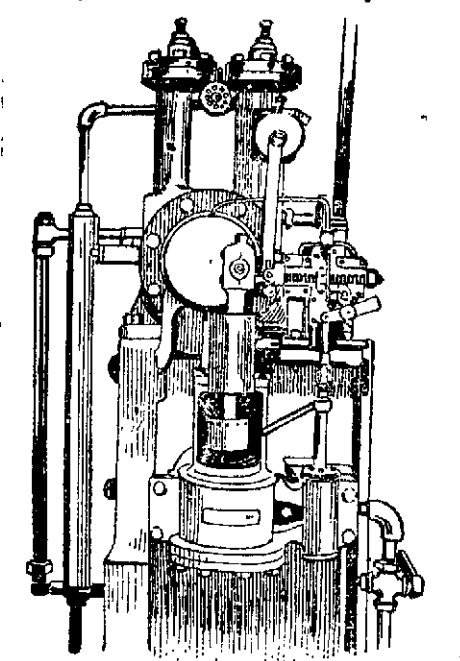
COLD STORAGE FOOD.

A MAMMOTH INDUSTRY CONCERNING WHICH LITTLE IS KNOWN.

More Than a Score of Great Warehouses In New York For Preserving Meats and Fruit—Stored in Refrigeric Atmosphere For More Than a Year.

(Special Correspondence.)
New York, Jan. 27.—When you order roast chicken or turkey or delicious sucking pig in hotels or restaurants, you doubtless smack your lips with anticipation of the feast and consider yourself a very great connoisseur of good living. I wonder would you enjoy your banquet quite so much and would you reckon yourself so much of a bon vivant if you should examine the subject of cold storage thoroughly.

If, as you put that dainty, crisp morsel of golden browned young pig in your mouth, some one were to tell you that



COLD STORAGE MACHINE.

it had been hanging for over a year in a cold storage warehouse, do you think you could swallow it, or if the tender breast of that spring chicken should prove to be from a fowl killed in the spring of 1895 do you imagine it would seem quite so much of a delicacy? You cannot tell these days what you are eating unless you belong to that fortunate class of beings who can run out in their back yards, kill and dress their own swine, beef or fowls and cook them in their own kitchens.

The business of cold storage is a vast and important feature of metropolitan commercial life. New York boasts two dozen great cold storage warehouses, wherein shippers and dealers, wholesale and retail, store the quantities of beef, game, poultry, eggs, vegetables and fruits which regale, solace and sustain the metropolitan stomach. There is, by the way, nothing too good for that same stomach. The markets of the west and south send their choicest products to New York, the city of well fed men and women.

Many of the cold storage warehouses still cling to the use of ice, natural or artificial, as the case may be, and of salt for freezing purposes. Others have adopted the newer method of using salt brine and ammonia. The ammonia cools the brine, and the cold air is pumped by an engine into the various rooms of the big warehouses. In one large warehouse, down near the ferries and quays, there are 25 miles of pipe running from the pump into all quarters of the great building. This warehouse, which is typical, is five stories in height and has a capacity of 75 carloads of freight.

On one of the coldest days of the recent cold snap, when the thermometer registered only 3 degrees above zero, the writer, believing in the eternal fitness of things, visited a cold storage warehouse. While at first glance this might appear foolhardy, let me say that it is much more prudent to visit such a place on a bitterly cold day than to go in the heat of summer, when the sudden change of temperature might produce fatal results. As a matter of fact, it was actually warmer in many of the warehouse chambers than outside. The average temperature of the rooms devoted to the storage of meats, game and poultry is from 12 to 16 degrees above zero, while that in the rooms set apart for fruits and vegetables ranges from 32 to 34 degrees above.

Some idea of the immense stores deposited in these warehouses may be gained from the statement that in one room the writer saw 1,000 barrels of apples and was told that there were alto-

gether in the warehouse 10,000 barrels of Bartlett pears. One room was piled to the top with saddles of venison, there being 1,500 in the collection. In another room were 2,000 chickens waiting the resurrection day. But the most fascinating and appalling of all the sights shown the writer was a row of beautifully dressed baby pigs, stored before the holidays of 1895 and to be kept until the holidays of 1896. There is one humble individual in New York who won't eat sucking pig next December.

The rates for cold storage are one-third cent per pound per month. Cheap enough it sounds, but when a dealer consigns thousands of pounds of stuff to the care of the warehouse it may readily be seen what a bill he will have in a few months. Cold storage is only for six days on oysters and vegetables. The cold storage companies do not examine goods on receipt, so that, not being able to certify to their condition, they are not responsible for any damage to perishable goods. Condition and quality being thus unknown, all goods are stored at the risk of owners. The dealer, on consigning his stuff to the warehouse, receives a receipt for so many barrels, boxes, kegs, crates, bags, baskets, tubs or other receptacles, or for so many fish, ribs, lambs, saddles, calves, loins or sheep, as the case may be. He is of course privileged to draw out any amount of this stuff at any time he may wish on the payment of its board bill.

Many cold storage warehouses do a regular banking business. For illustration, suppose a poultry dealer wishes to buy 10,000 fowls and has not the money wherewith to secure them. He borrows that money at 6 per cent interest from a cold storage warehouse, or rather the storage firm buy the poultry for him and store it in their warehouse, giving him the privilege of taking out as many as he likes from time to time on the payment of cash at the rate of one-third cent per pound per month plus the interest on the money advanced for the original purchase. Thus the cold storage people become, as it were, brokers of food stuffs and make a handsome profit in this way.

The juices and steam from the imprisoned meats in a cold storage warehouse form a frost on the pipes used to convey the cold air to the refrigerators. This frost takes on all sorts of fantastic and pretty effects, so that the pipes are really quite attractive at times. Barrels of this frosty substance are daily removed. It looks exactly like ice, but when you lift pieces of it you find them as light as thistle down.

The consignors of stuff to the cold storage warehouses are, as a rule, the market dealers, who in old days lost thousands of dollars on unsalable goods. Now all they have to do is to pop left over stuff into cold storage and try it again. Meanwhile the gourmand rubs his hands over his delicacies, not knowing he is eating meats possibly a year old. "What of that?" asked one to whom the writer was expressing his disgust. "Think of the mastodons frozen in Siberia which the dogs unearthed and ate! It doesn't hurt them a little bit."

Yet to some it may not be an agreeable thing to fancy you may be eating stuff which has been in cold storage over a year.

EDITH SESSIONS TUPPER.

JAMAICA.

Characteristics of the People—Its Exports and Imports.

(Special Correspondence.)

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 20.—The tourist upon arriving at Kingston does not form a very favorable impression of Jamaica. There is no disputing the fact that the city has been in a very poor condition for years. The sewers are above ground and in the center or at the side of the streets. The sidewalks are miserable, to say the least, and it is far preferable to walk in the middle of the streets, jump the sewers and dodge the cabmen, who have no regard for pedestrians, than to keep on the uneven sidewalks.

To a certain extent, as the city fathers have had the fact pounded into them that the city is in a most wretched condition, a disgrace to the island. An underground sewerage system is now being put in. They have an excellent water system, and every house owner is compelled to place the water in each house for the tenants, and no restrictions are placed upon the amount of water to be used. This has greatly added to the healthfulness of the city. Gas and electric lights are also in use.

The longer one remains in Kingston the less favorable impression he has of the island. The city is overcrowded with a poor, ignorant class, and it is a

hazard to the health of the natives, and all he can hear is "guy me a thurpuence."



A NEGRO HUT.

sab," or you are asked to buy fruit or cigars. To one who has visited the tropics for the first time it is an interesting sight. More women than men are employed in cooling steamers, carrying large baskets of coal on their heads much easier than we could carry it with our hands. Their habits and mode of living are somewhat similar to the negroes' in our southern states. The merest excuse of a hut is sufficient for them to live in, and their daily food consists of salt meat, corn bread, green bananas and yams. It is next to impossible to get them to move quickly unless there is a reward in sight. In many respects they are like children. They must first be taught and are willing to please so long as you do not try to force them. The majority will not work on Saturday or Sunday, and no matter how important the work may be they prefer to lose their day's wages in order to be out on the street and go to the market. They are happy and contented if they have but one meal a day, and don't seem to mind it very much if they miss that, and never bother themselves about the morrow. If they were an industrious class, it would not be necessary to import from the United States about \$200,000 worth of corn annually, \$158,000 worth of pork and beef, \$156,000 worth of butter and \$740,000 worth of flour. The total imports for the fiscal year ending March, 1894, were \$1,852,545, more than one-half the total imports from all other countries combined. The principal exports from the island are fruit and logwood, and the United States gets nearly the whole of them. A large amount of coffee and sugar is also exported, the most of it going to the United States.

WILSON.

Must Hear Both Sides.

Baron Alderson once released from his duties a juror who stated that he was deaf with one ear. "You may leave the box," said his lordship, "since it is necessary you should hear both sides."

Realized His Position.

"Young man," said the old lady on the incoming train after having paid him half a dollar for the transportation of herself and baggage a probable distance of two or three blocks, "do you ever expect to go to heaven?"

"Not while I'm working for the bus line, ma'am," answered the young man, moving down the aisle. "Goin any further than Chicago, sir?"—Chicago Tribune.

Not What They Looked.

Nearsighted Old Lady—Goodness me! Here's a man coming down the street with a brick in each hand.

Her Daughter—Don't be frightened, mamma. It's only Charlie Pluggins with his russet gloves on.—Roxbury Gazette.

Spared.

"Well, father," exclaimed the prodigal son, as he made his appearance again at the family fireside, "are you ready to kill the fattest calf?"

"No," replied the old man grimly. "I think I'll let you live."—Chicago Post.

Only Changed.

She—And you told me that it would ever be your aim to make my life naught but one of happiness. And to think that I believed you.

He—That's nothing. I believed it at the time myself.—Indianapolis Journal.

A Legislature Adjourns.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 1.—The general assembly has adjourned until April 7.

VALUABLE OIL FIELDS.

Fortunes to Be Made in Northern Tennessee and Southern Kentucky.
CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 1.—The opening up of the Tennessee and Kentucky oil fields is the wedge that will very shortly split the oil market in two. Several dozen wells are being sunk in the counties of Northern Tennessee and Southern Kentucky. Pay oil has been struck in seven of these wells which yield from 10 to 100 barrels and upward in response to pumping.

The Standard Oil company has proposed to extend its pipe line from Sistersville, W. Va., into the region and put up tanks for storage at the wells as soon as the daily product reaches 1,000 barrels. This time will not be far off, for three-fourths of the oil and forest land in P. M. Overton, Pickett, Morgan and Scott counties, in Tennessee, and Wayne, Pulaski, Clinton and Cumberland, in Kentucky, has been leased to prospectors coming in the main from New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

The Standard Oil company, acting through sub-committees, is very active in Kentucky, but more so along the east line of the district in Tennessee, where they are now drilling three deep wells on top of Cumberland plateau. Their leases in Tennessee are largely in excess of 100,000 acres, but have not monopoly of best locations. The Forest Oil company of Pittsburgh are their representative in this field, the South Penn looking after their interests in Kentucky. The former has had a resident agent at Ragby, Tenn., for six years, quietly acquiring oil and gas rights.

Gas has been struck in volume on western limit of oil region and has in several instances since 1892 caused great destruction of tools and machinery. Most of this immense territory is a thinly settled wilderness almost inaccessible.

IN HONOR OF HAMILTON.

Prominent Men Responded to Toasts at the Banquet at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Many notable men were present at the annual dinner of the Hamilton club in commemoration of the birth of Alexander Hamilton. President Samuel W. Allerton of the club acted as toastmaster. It had been expected that Governor Levi P. Morton of New York, ex-Secretary of the Interior Noble of Missouri, and Senator J. B. Foraker of Ohio would be present, but all three of them were unavoidably absent. Governor Bushnell of Ohio responded to the toast of "Republican Ohio" and Bishop Charles E. Cheney of Chicago to "The Patriot." Prof. Booker T. Washington of Alabama spoke upon "Our New Citizen."

Hon. William H. Skaggs, president of the Southern and Southwestern Industrial association, was warmly received when he rose to speak on "The Passing of the Solid South."

A Railroadier Resigns.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 1.—W. W. Daniel, general freight agent of the Columbus, Sandusky and Hooking, has resigned. His successor has been chosen, but the name is not known.

Sullivan Much Better.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Feb. 1.—John L. Sullivan has no fever, and is sitting up in bed. The doctor is greatly encouraged over the progress made and hopes to have Sullivan out of bed in a week.

A Cashier Suicides.

ROME, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Hon. George Barnard, cashier of the Fort Stanwix National bank of this place, has committed suicide. The bank has been closed pending an investigation.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, February 1, 1896.

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, per bushel (old) 65
Rye, per bushel 28-29
Corn 30-32
Barley 40
Wool 8-10-12
Flax Seed 33-35
Clover Seed 45-50-51
Timothy Seed 45-50-51
Bran, per 100 lbs. 10
Middlings, per 100 lbs. 10-16
Hay \$14 00-16 00

PRODUCE.

Choice Butter, per lb. 15
Eggs, per dozen 16
Lard, per pound 7
Hams, per lb. 10
Shoulder 10
Sides 10
Cheese, per lb. 8
White beans, per bushel \$1 00-2 10
Potatoes 25
Onions 25
Apples 60
Evaporated Apples, choice 10-11
Dried Peaches, peeled 12-15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled 4-5
Salt, per barrel \$1 00-41 20

Chicago and Toledo Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs, \$3.95@\$4.80; cattle unchanged.

Wheat, 65½; corn, 38½; oats, 19½.

TOLEDO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat, 73½.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time.

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.
Taking effect Dec. 8, 1895.

Going East.	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 7.
Toledo.....Lv	7:55 a.m.	1:05 p.m.	7:45 a.m.	1:05 p.m.
Okla Harbor.....Lv	8:45 a.m.	2:07 p.m.	8:45 a.m.	2:07 p.m.
Fremont.....Lv	9:15 a.m.	2:34 p.m.	9:15 a.m.	2:34 p.m.
Clyde.....Lv	9:31 a.m.	2:50 p.m.	9:31 a.m.	2:50 p.m.
Bellevue.....Lv	9:44 a.m.	3:10 p.m.	9:44 a.m.	3:10 p.m.
Monroeville.....Lv	9:58 a.m.	3:27 p.m.	9:58 a.m.	3:27 p.m.
Norwalk.....Lv	10:18 a.m.	3:41 p.m.	10:18 a.m.	3:41 p.m.
Wellington.....Lv	11:05 a.m.	4:28 p.m.	11:10 a.m.	4:35 p.m.
Spencer.....Lv	11:20 a.m.	4:51 p.m.	11:25 a.m.	4:58 p.m.
Lodi.....Lv	11:30 a.m.	5:08 p.m.	11:34 a.m.	5:08 p.m.
Creston.....Lv	11:50 a.m.	5:28 p.m.	11:54 a.m.	5:34 p.m.
Orrville.....Lv	12:17 p.m.	5:51 p.m.	12:23 a.m.	5:58 p.m.
Massillon.....Lv	12:50 p.m.	6:50 p.m.	1:10 a.m.	6:50 p.m.
Navarre.....Lv	1:28 p.m.	7:47 p.m.	1:48 a.m.	7:47 p.m.
Valley Jet.....Lv	2:05 p.m.	8:25 p.m.	2:25 a.m.	8:25 p.m.
Canal Dover.....Lv	2:40 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	3:00 a.m.	9:00 p.m.
Marletta.....Lv	2:50 p.m.	9:10 p.m.	3:10 a.m.	9:10 p.m.
Sherrillsburg.....Lv	3:30 p.m.	9:50 p.m.	3:50 a.m.	9:50 p.m.
Bowerson.....Lv	3:45 p.m.	10:05 p.m.	4:05 a.m.	10:05 p.m.
Scioto.....Lv	3:55 p.m.	10:15 p.m.	4:15 a.m.	10:15 p.m.
Jewett.....Lv	4:15 p.m.	10:35 p.m.	4:35 a.m.	10:35 p.m.
Dillonvale.....Lv	4:40 p.m.	10:55 p.m.	4:55 a.m.	10:55 p.m.
Warrenton.....Lv	4:55 p.m.	11:10 p.m.	5:10 a.m.	11:10 p.m.
Mingo Jet.....Lv	5:00 p.m.	11:15 p.m.	5:15 a.m.	11:15 p.m.
Steuersville.....Lv	5:10 p.m.	11:25 p.m.	5:25 a.m.	11:25 p.m.
Martin's Ferry.....Lv	5:55 p.m.	12:10 p.m.	6:10 a.m.	12:10 p.m.
Wheeling.....Lv	6:55 p.m.	1:10 p.m.	7:10 a.m.	1:10 p.m.

Going West.	No. 6.	No. 8.	No. 2.	No. 4.
Wheeling.....Lv	8:45 a.m.	2:45 p.m.	8:45 a.m.	2:45 p.m.
Martin's Ferry.....Lv	8:55 a.m.	2:55 p.m.	8:55 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Steuersville.....Lv	9:15 a.m.	3:15 p.m.	9:15 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Brilliant.....Lv	9:35 a.m.	3:35 p.m.	9:35 a.m.	3:35 p.m.
Warrenton.....Lv	9:55 a.m.	3:55 p.m.	9:55 a.m.	3:55 p.m.
Dillonvale.....Lv	10:25 a.m.	4:25 p.m.	10:25 a.m.	4:25 p.m.
Jewett.....Lv	10:35 a.m.	4:35 p.m.	10:35 a.m.	4:35 p.m.
Scioto.....Lv	10:45 a.m.	4:45 p.m.	10:45 a.m.	4:45 p.m.
Bowerson.....Lv	10:55 a.m.	4:55 p.m.	10:55 a.m.	4:55 p.m.
Sherrillsburg.....Lv	11:05 a.m.	5:05 p.m.	11:05 a.m.	5:05 p.m.
Valley Jet.....Lv	11:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.	11:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Navarre.....Lv	12:12 p.m.	6:10 p.m.	12:12 p.m.	6:10 p.m.
Massillon.....Lv	12:30 p.m.	6:28 p.m.	12:30 p.m.	6:28 p.m.
Orrville.....Lv	1:28 a.m.	7:25 p.m.	1:28 a.m.	7:25 p.m.
Creston.....Lv	2:05 a.m.	8:00 p.m.	2:05 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lodi.....Lv	2:20 a.m.	8:15 p.m.	2:20 a.m.	8:15 p.m.
Spencer.....Lv	2:35 a.m.	8:30 p.m.	2:35 a.m.	8:30 p.m.
Wellington.....Lv	2:55 a.m.	8:50 p.m.	2:55 a.m.	8:50 p.m.
Norwalk.....Lv	3:58 a.m.	9:53 p.m.	3:58 a.m.	9:53 p.m.
Monroeville.....Lv	4:05 a.m.	10:00 p.m.	4:05 a.m.	10:00 p.m.
Bellevue.....Lv	4:18 a.m.	10:13 p.m.	4:18 a.m.	10:13 p.m.
Clyde.....Lv	4:30 a.m.	10:25 p.m.	4:30 a.m.	10:25 p.m.
Fremont.....Lv	4:44 a.m.	10:38 p.m.	4:44 a.m.	10:38 p.m.
Okla Harbor.....Lv	5:04 a.m.	10:58 p.m.	5:04 a.m.	10:58 p.m.
Toledo.....Lv	6:00 a.m.	11:55 p.m.	6:00 a.m.	11:55 p.m.

Huron Division.

From Norwalk.....Lv..... 5:30 a.m.
Norwalk.....Lv..... 5:30 a.m.
Huron.....Lv..... 6:05 a.m.
Huron.....Lv..... 6:05 a.m.

*Daily.—Trains Nos. 2 and 9 daily.
*Daily except Sunday.
*Sunday only.

JAMES M. HALL,
Gen'l Pass. Agt.

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.

Taking Effect November 24, 1895.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 14.	No. 4.	No. 2.	No. 10.
Massillon.....Lv	5:35 a.m.	1:10 p.m.	5:35 a.m.
Canton.....Lv	5:55 a.m.	1:30 p.m.	5:55 a.m.
Massillon.....Lv	6:10 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	6:10 a.m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 1.	No. 8.	No. 6.	No. 15.
Cleveland.....Lv	7:10 a.m.	1:10 p.m.	7:10 a.m.
Massillon.....Lv	7:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Canton.....Lv	7:45 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	7:45 a.m.

*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.
Ticket Office, C. H. Rudolph's Jewelry Store,
No. 21 East Main street.

A Cashier Suicides.

ROME, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Hon. George Barnard, cashier of the Fort Stanwix National bank of this place, has committed suicide. The bank has been closed pending an investigation.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, February 1, 1896.

Wheat, per bushel (old) 65
Rye, per bushel 28-29
Corn 30-32
Barley 40
Wool 8-10-12
Flax Seed 33-35
Clover Seed 45-50-51
Timothy Seed 45-50-51
Bran, per 100 lbs. 10
Middlings, per 100 lbs. 10-16
Hay \$14 00-16 00

PRODUCE.

Choice Butter, per lb. 15
Eggs, per dozen 16
Lard, per pound 7
Hams, per lb. 10
Shoulder 10
Sides 10
Cheese, per lb. 8
White beans, per bushel \$1 00-2 10
Potatoes 25
Onions 25
Apples 60
Evaporated Apples, choice 10-11
Dried Peaches, peeled 12-15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled 4-5
Salt, per barrel \$1 00-41 20

Chicago and Toledo Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs, \$3.95@\$4.80; cattle unchanged.

Wheat, 65½; corn, 38½; oats, 19½.

TOLEDO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat, 73½.

Cleveland Akron and Columbus R. R.

From Orrville in effect Jan. 1, 1896.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
No. 35, Lv. 7:42 a.m.	No. 2, Ar. 10:35 a.m.
No. 27, Lv. 4:55 a.m.	No. 38, Ar. 3:20 p.m.
No. 3, Lv. 3:25 p.m.	No. 28, Ar. 10:35 p.m.

No. 2 arrives at Columbus at 2:15 p.m. and No. 38 at 6:55 p.m.

No. 2 and 4 connects with P. F. W. & O. at Orrville for all points west.

For any information address G. F. Daily, Gen. Pass. Agt., Cleveland, O.

H. C. Parker, Traffic Mgr. Indianapolis, Ind.

CANTON-MASSILLON ELECTRIC R. R.

Care depart on standard time.

Regular trains between Massillon and Canton leave from city park by hourly from 5:30 o'clock a. m. to 10:30 o'clock p. m. Trains returning leave Canton on the half hours from 5:30 o'clock a. m. until 10:30 o'clock p. m.

F. H. KILLINGER, Gen. Agt., Massillon, O.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

The two fathers who are to conduct the Mission in the St. Joseph's Catholic church, will begin their meetings at 10 a. m. Sunday. The services at 4:30 and 7 p. m. daily, will be for ladies the first week, and for men the second.

A publication is being circulated in Zoer it is said, advocating the separation of the community and division of the property. The paper is printed by one of the many copying processes. The language is said to be very strong.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Patterson, of Saginaw, Mich., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Fox. Mrs. Patterson was formerly Miss Pearl Barney, who visited here a year ago. Mr. and Mrs. Patterson have stopped here on their wedding trip.

Great regret will be occasioned by the news of the partial paralysis of David Kerstetter, who was stricken last Friday. The family entertain tears that, owing to his age, he may not recover. Mr. Kerstetter has been a familiar figure in Massillon for years, and his friends hope for the best.

Charles Van Dusen has taken general charge of the W. & L. E. yards at Massillon and Columbian Heights. The position was formerly filled by Thomas Powell, who has been removed to Ironville. Mr. Van Dusen was formerly employed by the company as night yard master at Ironville.

Joseph Emerson will leave Massillon, Monday, and will set sail from New York to Liverpool, England, on Wednesday. Mr. Emerson expects to be gone for several months. He will visit his birth place, and will renew acquaintance with relatives and friends whom he has not seen for twenty-seven years.

Miss Rose Jacob, of Toledo, the charming niece of Mr. O. E. Young, who so recently visited the family here, was quietly married on Monday afternoon to Mr. Charles F. Marshall, of Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall will reside in Chicago, where Mr. Marshall is connected, and has a position in the office of the Lake Shore railroad at the present time.

The young ladies' sewing circle of St. Paul's church will give a spider web social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Snyder, 341 East Main street, beginning at 7 o'clock, Tuesday evening, February 4. There will be several new amusements. "Pinata," "Shatter the Dish," and "Advice for All" will be introduced. Strangers and friends are invited.

The following connections were made with Farmers' Telephone Exchange: Dr. B. J. Miller's office, No. 10; Geo. B. Fulton, drug store, No. 291; F. E. Seaman, drug store, No. 283; Clark G. Smith, feed store, No. 285; W. A. Kobi, tin store, No. 289; F. L. Hemperly, residence, No. 288; Dr. Kimbrell, East Greenville; I. B. Pocock, Rev. W. Miller, J. F. Grossklaus and E. J. Walker, Navarre.

Dr. J. L. McGhie came over from Salem, Friday morning, to shake hands with old friends and shake off a persistent attack of home sickness. He says that visions of Salem before and after becoming a resident are two different things, and he has therefore offered his property for sale and hopes soon to return to Stark county where milk and honey and brotherly love exist in their perfection.

Ralph Dangler gave a jolly progressive euchre party Friday evening, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Dangler. Ten tables were occupied, and when the games were over Miss Carrie Taggart had won first honors among the girls, and was awarded a silver glove button, nail file and knife. Chester Humberger stood first among the boys and secured a silver match box. Miss Grace Patterson won the consolation prize, and took home a book.

Misses Mary Kramer, Clara Shaid nagle, and Flora Seiler gave a leap year dance at the Richville avenue real house, last night, to which about fifty friends were invited. Supper was served during the intermission, dancing continuing until a late hour, and all entered into the spirit of the occasion with enthusiasm. Misses Rose and Jessie Kramer, of Cleveland, and John Butler, of Alliance were present.

Mrs. W. B. Humberger entertained a large company of ladies at the Massillon Club, Wednesday afternoon, with progressive euchre. There were twenty tables. Miss Webb was the winner of the first prize, a silver backed clothes brush. Mrs. Wales won the second, a lunch cloth, and Mrs. Slusser was consoled for losing the greatest number of games by receiving a beautiful dolly. Mrs. Owen and Miss June, of Chicago, were among those present.

A telegram brings the news of the death of Evan Morgan, Friday, at Pratt City, Ala. It is supposed, although it is not yet known, that he was killed or fatally injured in some coal mine accident. His family live in Pigeon Run, and the body will be brought to Ohio for burial. He left Stark county last fall. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. lodge of Birmingham, and all Massillon Odd Fellows are requested to be present when the body arrives here, although the hour cannot now be stated.

A literary society of 39 members was organized at the Bridgeport school house Thursday evening. The following officers were elected: Harry Smith, president; Wm. Rastetter, vice president; Miss Mary Smith, secretary; Edward Stuldhreyer, treasurer; and Edward Blaumeiser, attorney. The question to be debated on next Thursday evening is: "Resolved, That more knowledge can be gained by reading than by traveling." Affirm, Edward Blaumeiser and Leo Halter; deny, Harry Smith and D. Bordner.

U. K. R. was introduced at the tenth of the Massillon Club parties, Friday night, and as it differs in no important respect from progressive euchre, the thirty games passed off very pleasantly. The winners were Miss Slusser, who cut with Mrs. James Wilson for this honor, and Mr. Henry C. Diehlmann. Miss Slusser received a pretty piece of china and Mr. Diehlmann two books. Freeman's minstrels played for dancing, and during the intermission Miss Bessie Barney, the accomplished niece of Mrs. Gribble, sang several songs by Nevins and DeKoven to the accompaniment of her equally talented sister, Miss Corinne Barney. Among the guests, other than the Misses Barney, of Cleveland, were

Mrs. Owens and Miss June, of Chicago; Mr. Francesco Guardabassi, of Pittsburg; Miss Whipple; Mr. Wm. A. Ulman, of Denver, and Mr. Robert Ream, of Muncie, Ind. The next party of the series will be given Thursday evening, February 6. Dancing.

THE MUSICAL AT FIVE OAKS.

A Brilliant Event from Every Point of View.

That so large an audience listened to the musicale at Five Oaks, the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McClymonds, on Thursday evening, was doubtless gratifying to the seven ladies of the Women's Cemetery Association, under whose management it was given, but the company of 150 feel a greater reciprocal indebtedness to those who permitted them to enjoy so much good music under such happy and informal conditions. The entire house was thrown open to the public, precisely as though the affair had been a private reception, and while there were chairs in plenty, there were no set seating arrangements, and most people preferred to stand and move around, enjoying the pictures and other works of art during the intermissions. The audience remained for some time after the musicale was over, although the programme was nearly doubled by encores. The artists of the evening were stationed near the fire place in the hall, and could be seen from every direction.

Mrs. Pease and Miss Burton were first to appear in a duo for two pianos, and followed this number with piano solos, each, and a concluding duo. Their brilliant powers, individually, were not strange to most of those present, and their success with the two pianos was correspondingly great, and evoked general enthusiasm. Mr. Francesco Maria Guardabassi, of whom so much has been heard, followed with a Neapolitan song, and was encored, of course, as he was at each appearance. His sweet melody, voice, so easily controlled, fell upon the ear delightfully, and though the Italian words—for he sang in that tongue entirely—were strange, it seemed as though they carried their true meaning straight to all. Mr. Guardabassi bore off the honors of the occasion. Though afflicted with a bad throat he was most accommodating, responding to repeated demands upon him with unaffected readiness.

Mrs. Dunn's always sweet and pure voice was heard in two numbers, and Miss Wales, also, sang twice. The first time with a violin obligato by Mr. Harold Howald. The sympathetic qualities of her tones, used so artistically in "Ave Maria" commanded even more vigorous praise when she sang Cowen's "Snowflakes" with rare taste and expression.

The two quartette numbers, which brought together Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Mrs. C. F. Porter, Mrs. C. A. Gates and Mr. James K. Peacock, were awaited with keen interest which did not diminish after their first appearance. With four excellent voices it would be strange indeed if, as a quartette, they were not blended in the finished manner that made the last number on the programme one that obtained the unusual honor of an encore.

Mr. Guardabassi is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Dunn. Regret was generally expressed because of the inability of Miss Vandergift to be present.

THE PROGRAMME.

PART I.
Duo for two Pianos—Allegro—Mozart-Grieg
Rondo
Mrs. Pease, Miss Burton
Song—Marchaise—(Neapolitan Song)—Tosti
Mrs. Pease, Miss Burton
Piano Solo—Schubert—Chopin
Mrs. Burton
Song—Lute—Mrs. Dunn
PART II.
Quartette—"Oh, My Love is Like a Red, Red Rose"—Hayley
Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Mrs. C. F. Porter, Mr. Gates, Mr. J. K. Peacock
Song—Ave Maria (With Violin Obligation)—Messiaen
Miss Wales, Mr. Howald
Song—Could I—Tosti
Mr. Guardabassi
Piano Solo—Impromptu—Schubert
Mrs. Pease
Song—Fruitful Night—Bohm
Mrs. Dunn
PART III.
Duo for two Pianos—Concerto in G Minor—Mendelssohn
Miss Burton, Mrs. Pease
Song—Snowflakes—Cowen
Miss Wales
Song—Fragrant—(Neapolitan Song)—Costa
Mr. Guardabassi
Quartette—Song of the Triton—Molloy
Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Mrs. C. F. Porter, Mr. Gates, Mr. Peacock

THE MINERS DEBATE.

Whether or Not to Return to the National Fold the Question.

The representatives of the miners of Massillon district, after electing officers on Wednesday, spent the remainder of the afternoon in discussing the question whether or not to return as a body to the United Mine Workers of America. The discussion took place in executive session, and the arguments were somewhat heated. It was said afterward that the margin whereby the present independent organization was sustained was very narrow. The only formal business transacted was the adoption of the following resolution:

"Resolved, That we, the miners of the Massillon district in convention assembled, request a joint meeting with our operators at as early a date as practicable to decide on the advance due us March 1st, and to re-arrange the dead work scale."

A JEAN INGLOW EVENING

Still Another Entertainment for the Cemetery Association.

"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do with thy might" is a lesson well learned by the women of Massillon and one of which the citizens in times past have had ample proof. But, perhaps, it has never been more forcibly illustrated than during this winter. The zeal and earnestness with which our women have entered into the work being done under the name of the Cemetery Association has swept all before them. Many pleasant evenings have been planned by them, and it is safe to predict that none will be more enjoyable than the one now being arranged for Tuesday, the 11th instant. "An Evening with Jean Ingelow" will be given at the home of Mrs. M. E. Warwick, in East Main street, and the hostesses are Mrs. Warwick and Mrs. S. P. Barnes. The entertainment will be unique and interesting, and besides many other entertaining features, will include the popular little pantomime, "A Tom Thumb Wedding."

BRAVE DAYS OF OLD.

James Bayliss in a Reminiscent Mood.

THE MASSILLON OF LONG AGO.

How James Duncan Concealed His Various Strokes in Enterprise—The First Big Deal of Commodities from Massillon—The Charity Bitch School.

A representative of THE INDEPENDENT had the pleasure, a few days since, of finding in a traveling companion, that venerable, hale and delightful Massillonian, Mr. James Bayliss. Mr. Bayliss was in a happy, reminiscent mood, and as the train sped northward through thriving towns and past magnificent manufactories, Mr. Bayliss pointed out many places, now the scene of business activity, that were, in his early days, thick forests or pestiferous swamps.

He came to Massillon a young man of 19, in 1827, after having spent seven years in New York and Philadelphia, where he lived with his parents, who came to the New World, from Warwickshire, in England. Metropolitan life, palled on the taste of the young Englishman, and he started on his own account for the frontier. There were but four houses in Massillon proper when he took up his residence in the village of Kendal.

Young men with brains and energy were welcome acquisitions to the then insignificant community and the business of being a young man in those days, Mr. Bayliss says, has been vastly improved on since. The idea of sailing and riding to Mansfield to see his girl, and incidentally bargain for a saw-mill, had no terrors for the Massillon swain of 1828. In recalling the personal characteristics of one of the earliest citizens, Mr. James Duncan, Mr. Bayliss imparted much that is interesting concerning that now historic personage.

"Mr. Duncan," said Mr. Bayliss, "had one of the most peculiarly nervous temperaments I ever knew of. At times, even when he was conducting what were then considered gigantic operations, he would secrete himself in his room and be accessible to nobody for days and weeks at a time, emerging to find his plans miscarried and to pocket often a financial loss that in those days appalled his associates. He was never cast down, though, by these fitful tricks of his mind, but would redouble his efforts, and although he died far from rich, his life was full of achievements, but for which Massillon would not have gained the importance it did in the latter thirties and early forties."

Mr. Bayliss told with evident relish of one of Mr. Duncan's business coups. In 1828, when the Ohio canal was just opened, Mr. Duncan loaded a boat with all the wheat he could purchase, but even then had but half a cargo. He completed the load with bacon and other farm products and "set sail" for New Orleans; he got no further than Cincinnati, however, for he found his cargo had advanced so greatly in value, he could sell it there at a fabulous profit. Mr. Duncan came home on the towpath and his wonderful speculation was considered the greatest business stroke of his life. Mr. Bayliss says he thinks this was the first sale of any Massillon product in the metropolis on the river, though in later years the trade increased to a goodly figure.

Mr. Bayliss was a trustee of the Rotch school from the inception of that charity and he followed the institution through its early vicissitudes, giving his own time freely to the establishment of the school and farm, which has, in our day, grown to such usefulness. He recalled the names of many men and women who, as children, were inmates of the school, and in after life gained prominence in political, business or social circles.

Mr. Bayliss's health is unimpaired, his eye as bright as many a younger man's, and although he is 88 years of age he finds as much pleasure in driving a spirited horse and lending his personal supervision to the working of his farm, west of the city, as he did forty years ago.

DEARMIT CUTS PRICES.

An Unfavorable Turn in the Pittsburg District.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—President William P. DeArmit, of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, yesterday posted notices at his mines to the effect that beginning today the mining rate of that company will be 59 cents a ton, according to the agreement made with the miners last October. President DeArmit advanced the rate to 64 cents a ton cash, January 1, 1896, pending the report of the joint committee on investigation regarding the conditions at the mines in the district. He then stated that if the examination by the committee showed that conditions of "uniformity" did not prevail at all the other mines, his rate would return to the price stipulated in the October contract, at the first semi-monthly pay period after the report. President DeArmit has made a special canvass of the district and announces that it does not agree by far with the report of the committee, and warrants a return to the rate of 59 cents a ton, February 1.

If DeArmit makes good this promise to abandon the scale rate, it may result in such complications as will prevent the granting of the advance expected this spring. In buying printed matter it is well to know that you are getting what you ordered. When The Independent Company bids on work, and specifies a certain quality of work and paper, the guarantee of the company goes with the work that specifications have been fulfilled.

WILL CENSURE BAYARD

A Crush to See the Senate Vote Today.

BUTLER'S AMENDMENT DEFEATED

Silver Men Unite with Sound Money Wing and Defeat the North Carolina Senator's Proposition—Mr. Morrill Opposes the Silver Substitute.

(By Associated Press to The Independent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—By a party vote, the House foreign affairs committee adopted a report censuring Ambassador Bayard.

IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The first vote in the Senate occurred upon the amendment of Senator Butler to prevent the further issue of bonds without the authority of Congress, and to pay coin obligations of the government in silver when silver bullion was below the par value of gold. The amendment was defeated; yeas, 13, nays, 60. The Senate was crowded, awaiting the vote, this afternoon, on the substitute for the bond bill. Mr. Morrill occupied the time opposing the silver substitute reported from the committee of which he is chairman.

The senate defeated Mr. Allen's amendment for bidding on bond issues. It was defeated two to one. Mr. Gorman's motion to lay the free silver amendment on the table was lost 34 to 43.

CHAPMAN TO GO TO JAIL.

Elverson Chapman, the New York stock broker, was sentenced to pay \$100 fine and submit to imprisonment for 30 days for refusing to testify in the investigation of senators for speculating in sugar.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

ENGLISH PAPERS ON DUNRAVEN.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—The Pall Mall Gazette and Globe, commenting on the finding of the New York Yacht Club on the Dunraven inquiry, support Dunraven. The Pall Mall Gazette hopes that the incident will close the international contest between England and America.

The St. James Gazette heads its article, "A Case for Apology," and says: "Lord Dunraven owes it to himself as a gentleman to apologize to those he accused without justification. The New York Yacht Club has acted with courtesy and good temper under very grave provocation and Lord Dunraven owes to the club and to American sportsmen generally very ample amends."

POPULATION OF MEXICO.

MEXICO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated

Press]—The federal census shows the population of the republic to be 12,500,000. The city of Mexico has 340,000; Puebla 92,000; Guadalajara 84,000; San Luis Potosi 70,000.

MURDERED AND BEHEADED.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—The dead body of a young woman was found in a secluded spot this morning, on Alexandria Pike, fifty yards from the road and half a mile from Ft. Thomas. There were evidences of a severe struggle. The woman was beheaded and the head is missing. There is no clue to her identity nor to the murderer.

ALL THE FIGHTERS THERE.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—All the fighters will be here Monday. Yesterday Dan Stuart appointed Lou Houseman, of the Chicago Inter Ocean official timekeeper of all contests. John Quinn, Maher's manager, is announced, will accept Denver Ed. Smith's challenge to win or lose \$5,000 a side.

A FINE ADDRESS.

James Woods and His Speech to the Workmen.

James Woods, of the Cigarmakers' Association, delivered a short but very interesting address to a fair sized audience of workmen at the Trades and Labor Assembly hall, Friday evening. After the speech Mr. Woods was given a vote of thanks and was made to promise that he would return on some future day and begin a vigorous campaign against non-union and foreign manufactured goods. Mr. Woods left this morning for Mansfield.

SHE WAS RECKLESS.

The train was about ten miles west of Ypsilanti when an oldish man came into the car with a bill in his hand and called out:

"Kin any person here change a \$10 bill for me?"

Everybody was willing to try, and he finally got two fives. Then he wanted one of them broken, and he finally found a passenger who said he could give him five ones.

"I'll take 'em," replied the man, "but then I shall want somebody to bust a dollar for me."

"Will two halves do?" asked a woman as she investigated her purse.

"Yes, if I can't get four quarters," he replied. "I'm sorry to make all this trouble, but you see how it is: The old woman has sorter decided to stop off at Ypsilanti and visit her sister for three or four days, while I go to Detroit and back. Her sister mayn't be home, and she'll naturally feel a little queer without any money. I thought I'd give her a quarter, but if I can't get it, why, I'll let her take 50 cents, though I know I'll never see any of it back. She'll go down town and run through a dollar in less'n two hours, and I have to keep a curb on her."

He finally got a quarter, and the "old woman" had it tied up in the corner of her handkerchief as she got off at Ypsilanti.—Detroit Free Press.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Some Signs of Definite Improvement, Though Business Still Waits.

New York, Feb. 1.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued to-day, says: Though business is still waiting, there are some signs of definite improvement. It is now believed that the first payment for bonds will cause no further pressure and the money markets are easier as respect loans on collateral, though the difficulty of making commercial loans still check operations. A good spring trade is predicted.

Signs of improvement in the iron and steel business are gratifying, even though they spring from combinations which have raised the price of coke and allotted the output of lake iron ore. There is also a better demand for wire nails, after long stagnation, and also for sheets. Pigiron is rather weaker, southern works competing sharply, while speculative buyers of some months ago are selling below present furnace prices, but the average for all products is practically unchanged and 11.4 per cent below the highest last year. Coke production has been cut down 10,975 tons in a single week. Minor metals are strengthened a shade by speculation.

Sales of wool at the three chief markets 9,995,690 pounds domestic in January against 13,694,615 last year, but 14,074,900 foreign against 9,551,550 last year have diminished of late, manufacturers buying only for present needs.

Wheat has again advanced about 3 cents for cash, but only 1½ cents for May, although Atlantic exports are little larger than a year ago. Corn has ceased to "sympathize" and records little advance.

The failures for the week have been 404 in the United States, against 354 last year, and 70 in Canada, against 54 last year.

Jumped From a Steamer's Deck.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—T. E. Hughes of Gainesville, Fla., has committed suicide by jumping from the deck of the steamer Tallahassee, on which he had come as a passenger from Boston, into the Delaware river.

Hung For a Triple Murder.

ALBANY, Or., Feb. 1.—Lloyd Montgomery, an 18-year-old boy, has been hung here. His crime was the murder of his father and mother and Daniel McKearcher on a farm near Brownsville, Or., Nov. 19 last.

Two Miners Killed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 1.—A charge of dynamite has exploded prematurely on slope No. 2 at the Henry Ellen coal mines, and Evan Morgan of Ohio and George Beard of Alabama were almost instantly killed.

Remarkable Discovery of Plunder.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 1.—Thousands of dollars' worth of plunder has been found in caves under the homes of a gang of burglars and horse thieves in Florence, this county, by Sheriff Andriana.

McCarthy to Drop the Leadership.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Westminster Gazette says that it is almost certain that Justin McCarthy will not resume the leadership of the Irish party in parliament after the reassembling of that body.

NOVELTIES IN VALENTINES!

Pretty New Designs in
Card Valentines,
Lace Valentines,
German Valentines,
Comic Valentines,
Booklet Valentines,
Everything in Valentines,

FROM ONE CENT UP.
BAHNEY'S BOOK STORE

20 East Main Street, Massillon, O.

THREE GOLDEN STARS.

Indicating the Three States Where Equality Exists.

MRS. EVERHARD COMES HOME.

The National Woman Suffrage Association and Its Work at Washington—Great Enthusiasm Evincing and Satisfactory Progress Reported.

Mrs. Caroline McCullough [Everhard, president of the Ohio Woman Suffrage Association, has returned from Washington, where she took part in the work of the national association, and received fresh inspiration for her home labors. "The twenty-eighth annual convention of the National Woman Suffrage Association just closed," said she, in discussing the events of the week, "has been a most successful one. The sessions were well attended. In the evenings the galleries were packed. Monday and Tuesday evenings all available space was taken and standing room only was to be had nearly an hour before the time for coming had arrived. The platform was handsomely decorated with ferns and flowers. Mrs. Anthony was showered with roses, lilies and carnations. The most noticeable feature of all the decorations was the large flag draped across the gallery bearing in its field three golden stars representing Wyoming, Colorado and Utah, the three states in which women have political privileges equal with men.

"For the first time in the history of the organization the association presented every state and territory as organized and much zest was given to the convention from the delegates of the Western states. They came from California, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Minnesota. The South sent a strong delegation: North Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Missouri, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mrs. Virginia D. Young, North Carolina, presented a very cordial invitation to the convention to hold its annual meeting in Charleston, a member of commerce of that city, the Young Men's Business Association endorsed the invitation most heartily, and should the business committee see to take the convention into the city next year, it would be entertained in the proverbial Southern hospital. California, St. Louis, Denver and Cincinnati presented invitations. It is probable the place chosen will be west of the Mississippi, because constitutional questions and amendments are pending in several states and territories immediately surrounding the trio of true republics on the summit of the Rockies, it is most desirable to secure a woman suffrage provision in the constitution of these states now, during the present period.

An interesting part of the programme was the welcome extended to Utah by Mrs. Anna H. Shaw, and the reception by a brand new senator from Nevada, just sworn in that afternoon, the one of its representatives. Monday afternoon Mrs. McLean gave an elegant reception in honor of Mrs. Grant's seventieth birthday anniversary, to which the delegates were invited. The convention adjourned for an hour and accepted the courtesy of Mrs. McLean with much pleasure. Mrs. McLean, whose husband is the editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, stood in the reception room of her magnificent home, one of the finest in Washington, and greeted her guests most cordially. Miss Anthony, who was invited to luncheon, and was, therefore, present when the delegates arrived, stood in the farther part of the room and presented each member of the convention by name to the distinguished guest of Mrs. McLean, after which the massive doors leading to the dining room were thrown open, and a table was displayed exquisitely decorated with fruit and flowers. Here hospitalities were dispensed by friends of the hostess. Mrs. McLean herself, with a charming graciousness of manner, passed hither and thither among her guests with plates of confections, and made each one feel that she was specially invited, and the occasion will not soon be forgotten by those present. Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris was among the guests.

"Tuesday morning, Jan. 28, the hearing was held before the Senate and House committee, where the Woman Suffrage amendment now rests. The delegates who were elected to speak before these committees were divided and part went to the Senate with the Rev. Anna Shaw presiding, and part to the House, Miss Anthony presiding. The women spoke well and to the point, not once exceeding the time allotted to her. The Judiciary committee of the House was composed of seventeen members, all but four being in their chairs. Quite a little excitement was raised when Mr. Blackwell, of Massachusetts, who spoke for the delegation of that state, said that there were no public schools south of Mason and Dixon's line before the carpet-baggers went down and established them whereupon a southern member of the committee immediately exploded and made the air fairly blue, beating the table with his fist and declaring the assertion absolutely false. He was supported by the member who sat next, both of them shouting, "stick to the truth, let the women plead their cause themselves, they do it better than you." Miss Anthony soon restored order. Mr. Blackwell meekly said he was glad to be corrected if he had made a mis-statement, and finished his speech,

The dark and threatening looks of the southern men only relaxed when the women speakers again got under full sail. After the hearing was over the delegates went to the White House where Mrs. Cleveland received them in the Red Room, after which they passed into the Blue and Green rooms, the East room and out. It will be remembered that two years ago when Mrs. Cleveland was asked to name a time when she would receive the delegates to the National Suffrage Association, she declined.

"The grandson of Frederick Douglass wrote to Miss Anthony that as his grandfather was always interested in the effort of women to obtain political freedom and attended the meetings up to the day of his death, and if it was the pleasure of the convention he would render a violin solo in memory of his distinguished ancestor. While the music continued tears found their way to the eyes of many who remembered the struggles of Mr. Douglass for woman and education. It was heartily enjoyed. Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Stetson, a great granddaughter of the Rev. Lyman Beecher, who is quite famous as a poet, made a very pleasing address. She also preached twice on Sunday. The Rev. Anna Shaw answered the assertions of Pres. Elliot of Harvard, that the woman had prevented certain remarks of his in their convention call and when she had finished she was a bigger man than Dr. Elliot in the minds of the audience.

"Nellie Bly came over from New York to ridicule the convention, but not finding anything to make fun of she went home and endorsed it. The elderly face of Grace Greenwood was seen upon the platform the last evening and Miss Anthony brought her forward and introduced her to the delegates, who received her most enthusiastically.

"In about half an hour one afternoon \$3,085 were subscribed to the organization fund. Last year the society expended in round numbers \$5,000, and next year it wants \$10,000. A man from Pennsylvania subscribed \$100 to the fund and \$100 if they added another star to the woman's flag during the year.

"A resolution was adopted by the delegates in regular session, disclaiming all connection with the Woman's Bible or any other theological work."

MILLIONS IN IT!

Mr. Uman Tells About the Gold of Colorado.

William A. Uman arrived Thursday from Denver, Colo., and will remain for a few days before going to New York, to assist in the opening of the New York Mining Stock Exchange. Mr. Uman is filled with the justifiable enthusiasm of the man who has seen the great mining camp at Cripple Creek swell, in population, from 15,000 a year ago, to 40,000 today.

"The wealth packed away in that region," said he, "is beyond the dreams of avarice. Strike a pick in the earth anywhere within five miles of Cripple Creek, and you will find gold. It is true that much of it yields only from \$10 to \$14 to the ton, and is therefore unprofitable to work, but much more is yielding immense profits. It is only a question of time when improved methods of reduction will make the inferior ores desirable, and that time is close at hand, as improvements are made daily. I am convinced that any claim in that region, if allowed to remain untouched, will advance in value by an immense percentage within a year, owing to the influx of eastern men and capital.

"Although I have been a resident of Colorado for several years, I did not comprehend until my return from Ohio, last fall, what was going on around me. Eastern people have come on, and seeing more clearly, perhaps, than the natives the great possibilities of the state, have organized companies, and now, between residents and outsiders, the wave of excitement is impossible to describe. Naturally there are many wildcat schemes, but taken as a whole the Colorado gold boom rests upon a secure foundation. It is a part of the mission of the New York Mining Stock Exchange to examine into the mines and prospects whose stocks are offered for sale, and it will no doubt prove a potent influence in weeding out unworthy enterprises."

GOING TO PALESTINE.

Matthias Denkhans and His Religious Project.

Three years ago Matthias Denkhans, of Navarre, received a divine call to enter into the work of the Lord. Instead of responding immediately, however, Mr. Denkhans decided that he would spend a few years in the suburbs and build up his health, which was not very strong. The time is now at hand when he is prepared to enter into the great work, and on next Monday he will leave Navarre forever, and on Wednesday he will set sail for the Old World. Mr. Denkhans will do missionary work and will decide upon his plan of procedure when he arrives in Palestine, where he will make his headquarters. Mr. Denkhans is in moderate circumstances and he proposes to carry out his project on his own resources.

HE CAME FROM CHICAGO.

A Light Fingering Youth Finds Himself in Jail.

Clyde Edwards, a young man attired in the uniform of a hotel porter, and who represented that he was a bell jumper of enviable ability, having had no end of experience in Chicago, was recently given employment at the Conrad. Last Thursday Albert Lengs, the night porter, missed a watch valued at about twenty dollars, and suspicion pointed toward Edwards. Later Edwards gave up his position unexpectedly and disappeared. Today he was arrested by the police at the C. L. & W. station, and being openly charged with the theft, confessed. He had pawned the watch to Alfred Kunz, a watch repairer, for three dollars. Edwards is now in jail.

Clyde Edwards was arraigned before Justice Sibila, who is the acting mayor during the absence of Tobias Schott, and was fined the costs of prosecution. This will cause Edwards to serve 20 days in the workhouse.

KOONS FOUND GUILTY.

A Verdict of Murder in the First Degree.

THE JURY OUT UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

End of the Hollidaysburg Trial in Which the Young Massillonian, Under the Alias of Frank Wilson, is Charged With the Murder of Bonnecke.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 30.—In the trial of Frank Wilson for the murder of H. Bonnecke, several witnesses Wednesday gave testimony tending to show that Wilson was the man who recently assaulted and robbed Peter Swab, an Altoona merchant. Detective D. McSweeney created a sensation by producing a statement in the nature of a confession of the crime made by James Farrell. Wilson's alleged accomplice in the murder. The court ruled that this statement was inadmissible in evidence. T. Southwood, a friend of Wilson, testified that the latter told him before his departure with the disguised detectives for New York: "I am going to join the crooks and need not work any more."

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 31.—Judge Martin Bell began his charge to the jury this afternoon, in the case of George Koons alias Frank Wilson, charged with murder in the first degree. This morning G. H. Spang closed the argument for the defendant and I. H. Greery for the commonwealth.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Jan. 31.—The last day in the trial of Frank Wilson for the murder of Henry Bonnecke was occupied with closing arguments to the jury. District attorney William S. Hammond spoke for the prosecution and Robert A. Henderson for the defense. Mr. Hammond alluded to the alarming prevalence of crime in Blair county as the necessity of the presence here of the New York detectives here, and he cited the famous Molly Maguires' prejudiced hearing for detectives. Judge Bell charged the jury Friday afternoon.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Feb. 1.—George Koons, alias Frank Wilson, whose parents reside in Massillon, O., was this morning convicted of the murder of old Henry Bonnecke, in Altoona, on the night of April 6, 1895. The case had been on trial in the Blair county courts for twelve days. An immense amount of circumstantial testimony was offered by the commonwealth, and the defense failed to break the strong chain of evidence against the prisoner, whose only defense was in trying to show that the old man had been murdered prior to his release from jail here on the afternoon of April 6. At the same time he made a futile attempt to prove an alibi. The arguments of the able counsel, District Attorney Hammond and T. H. Greery, Esq., for the commonwealth, and G. H. Shang, Esq., and R. A. Henderson Esq., for the defense, consumed the last two days of the trial.

Judge Bell charged the jury, last evening, taking two hours. The jury was out just 5 hours returning to the court room at 12 o'clock a. m. (midnight.) The prisoner was brought up from jail to hear the verdict, which was guilty of murder in the first degree. Koons, or Wilson as he is best known here, never flinched. He manifested no emotion. He still maintains his innocence.

Before separation the jurors signed a paper asking the pardon board of the state to commute the extreme penalty to imprisonment. Wilson's counsel have asked leave to file a motion for a new trial.

"A DEN OF THIEVES."

The Misrepresentations of a Cleveland Paper Corrected.

The Cleveland World, probably inspired by a mischievous enemy of the Hawaiian band, who has been heard from before, contains a long article that is unimportant except in the following passages:

"The Hawaiian government has made arrangements to pay from the public treasury the cost of sending the members of the Hawaiian band back to their native country. * * * Massillon was the next place where they were booked. There the climax was reached. * * * Endurance could go no further. The journey was at an end. The poor fellows were hanging around Massillon, feeling like the man who went down from Jerusalem to Jericho and fell among thieves, when the generous hand of their government, like that of the good Samaritan, was reached out for their relief."

The truth is that the Hawaiian government has not arranged to transport the musicians to Honolulu. They are now in Pittsburgh, playing an engagement at the Casino, and under contract to receive \$600 per week. As to falling among "a den of thieves" in Massillon, it is only necessary to refer to their letters and spoken words of thanks to the people in Massillon. It was not the Hawaiian government but the band members and citizens of Massillon who put the strangers on their feet, fed them and sent them off re-organized, with money in their pockets. The World, ignorant, no doubt, insults this community.

FOR SALE—A 13 horse traction engine, water tank, Wooster double picket mill, new buzzsaw, all in first class order. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Call on or address JAMES BUTTERMORE, North Lawrence, O.

COURT HOUSE AND COUNTY.

New Cases Noted—That Burglary Continues to Excite Interest.

CANTON, Jan. 30.—Austin C. Brant has sued Imperius Martin to recover payment of two promissory notes given in the sum of \$600 each. Both notes are secured by mortgage and the plaintiff desires the property appraised and sold to satisfy the claim.

AN UNREVEALED MYSTERY.

The robbery at the Wertz residence on Monday night continues to attract considerable attention, and there is a mystery connected therewith which is still unsolved. Officers in charge of the bloodhounds that were taken to the house, on returning, gave the information that no trail had been taken by the hounds. This, it develops, is not true and it is said that the dogs went direct to the residence of Ollie Wertz, who is the husband of Stella Wertz, but has not been living with her owing to family differences for over a year past. Lenhart said concerning this that he was of the opinion that whoever perpetrated the burglary purposely took the course leading past his house to direct suspicion toward him, and thinks that the letters from his wife's trunk may have been taken for the same purpose, although it is hinted that an entirely different mystery is back of the case.

PROBATE COURT NEWS.

In the estate of Julia Ann Hall, of Lexington township, Dr. S. F. Baling has been appointed administrator.

L. M. Jones is the administrator in the estate of John P. Greenwell, of Lexington township.

The will of Rachel Trump, of Canton township, has been filed for probate.

Reuben Shoemaker, of Lake township, assigned on Wednesday afternoon to J. L. Maurer and John H. Spouseller. The assets are estimated at \$1,500, the liabilities at \$1,300.

The wills of John Spangler of Canton, and Samuel Eschman, of Alliance, have been admitted to probate.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Ray C. Shenkel and Anna P. Morrow, of Minerva, and Anthony Hall and Rachel Longworth, of North Lawrence.

CANTON, Feb. 1.—The damage case of Harry D. McDonald against the W. & L. E. railway will be tried on Monday in court room No. 1, before Judge McCarty. Mr. McDonald was on the engine that crashed through a trestle west of Massillon. The accident resulted in the death of Trainmaster George R. Gibson and in McDonald losing a leg. Judge Thayer, of Canton, H. K. Kennedy and James Anderson, of Youngstown, are attorneys for the plaintiffs, and Lawyers Day, Lynch & Day will represent the railway company.

ASSIGNMENT MATTERS.

In the assignment of Charles W. Robinson, of Canal Fulton, a partial dividend of 20 per cent. was ordered paid today. A final dividend of 18 per cent. had been ordered in the assignment of I. Persky & Co., of Massillon, and 8 per cent. in Matthew C. Freeman's Canton assignment.

FOR BREACH OF PROMISE.

Judge McCarty decided the breach of promise case of Mary E. McCormick against Wm. J. Essig, yesterday afternoon. A decree of \$3,000 was granted in favor of the plaintiff. After repeated promises Essig refused to marry Miss McCormick.

A MASSILLON CASE.

John W. Stonehill secured judgment against Jordan Stanley, in the sum of \$361.20 in August, 1895. In a petition filed today the plaintiff's claim there is Stanley from Emma and George Squires \$120. He desires the latter to be compelled by court to pay this amount toward satisfying the judgment claim.

THE R. A. MILLER TRIAL.

The time set for the hearing of the case of Ohio against Robert A. Miller, charged with embezzlement, has been postponed from February 10 to March 9. The change of date was made necessary on account of the circuit court which will convene in this county February 25, and in which counsel for both sides of the case in question will have suits demanding their attention.

BEWARE OF QUININE.

Mr. Scheer Says It is an Intoxication in a Way of Its Own.

John Scheer, when he was released from the city prison this morning, told a wonderful story of the effect of quinine on the human system. Mr. Scheer, it should be mentioned, had been arrested for over indulgence, but that, he says, is a false charge. "It is true," said Mr. Scheer, "that my foot steps were rather wavering but it was not from the effect of drink. I had but one drink of whisky but I was foolish enough to take a dose of quinine shortly after, and immediately a dizziness came over me. But as for being drunk that is entirely out of the question."

Mrs. Ella Jones reversed her plea to guilty, Thursday evening, and was fined the costs by Acting Mayor Sibila.

William Davis was discharged this morning, Acting Mayor Sibila having decided that Mrs. Jones was the principal offender.

MR. LINCOLN IS HUMAN.

A Wild Flight Through the Air and Its Consequences.

Mr. Abe Lincoln at last painfully realized that after all he is but human. He has had many narrow escapes in his time, and he still carries a variety of scars which tell stories of scores of accidents in which he escaped death by a hair's breadth. Thursday evening he attempted to alight from No. 3 at the West Main street crossing. Mr. Lincoln has a dim recollection of a flight through the atmosphere, and numerous large and painful contusions on all parts of his body, remind him of an encounter with the paved street. His head is horribly lacerated, his ankle is badly sprained and it is feared that his arm is broken. He was taken to the infirmary this morning.

THE DALTON BURGLARS

Apprehended, It is Thought, at the County Seat.

TWO SUSPECTS ARRESTED TODAY

Nicholas Gonder and Thomas Clark the Names of the Prisoners—Masons Have a Banquet at Canal Fulton—Other News By Town News.

CANTON, Feb. 1.—Thomas Clark and Nicholas Gonder were arrested by the Canton police, this morning, on suspicion of having burglarized Freet's clothing store at Dalton. The two suspects claim Chicago as their home, but for some time they have been hanging about Canton. Last night the police were notified that the men were expected to return to the city by a Cantonian who claimed to have overheard them lay plans to rob the Freet store. A sharp watch was kept during the night, but the men did not arrive until 5 o'clock this morning. They alighted from a freight train and entered Lipsett's saloon, where they were captured. Each wore a heavy overcoat and under this had numerous articles of clothing wrapped about their bodies. They also had a satchel in their possession which contained some jewelry and smaller articles of clothing. The Dalton authorities were notified of the arrest, and the proprietors of the store answered that they would leave for Canton at once to identify the stolen goods.

MASONIC BANQUET AT FULTON.

CANAL FULTON, Feb. 1.—The Masonic fraternity of this place held their annual banquet at the lodge room last evening, and was attended by about 125 people, including members of the order, their families and friends. The feast was of surpassing excellence, including all the luxuries and delicacies of the season. Music was furnished by a local mandolin and guitar club. After the supper Mr. J. H. Focht, who was master of ceremonies, delivered a fine address of welcome, after which the following toasts were responded to: "Masonry in its Relation to the Church," the Rev. Mr. Baichly of the Reformed church; "Masonry in its Relation to Good Government and Good Citizenship," the Rev. Mr. Yoder, of the M. E. Church; and "The Ladies," by Dr. A. B. Campbell. The evening was one of rare enjoyment to the large company. The Hon. and Mrs. S. A. Conrad, of Massillon, and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Campbell were the out of town guests.

WEST BROOKFIELD HAPPENINGS.

WEST BROOKFIELD, Feb. 1.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 5, Prof. Frank S. Fox, manager King's School of Oratory, Pittsburgh, Pa., will lecture in the Lutheran church. Prof. Fox comes highly recommended as one of the most entertaining eloquentists and ventriloquists in America. Doors open, 7 p. m. Admission, 10 and 15 cents.

News has recently reached this place of the death of Angeline, wife of Jacob Bickley, formerly of this place.

LOCAL OPTION ELECTION.

NEW BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The village of New Berlin and Plain township will vote on local option on February 24. The territory includes one section of Meyer's Lake, the summer resort owned by the Reymann Brewing Company, of Wheeling, where a large hotel and saloon is conducted. Both sides are preparing for a hard contest, and a bitter campaign is probable.

WAYNE COUNTY CHICKEN THIEVES.

WOOSTER, Jan. 30.—All winter the farmers in this neighborhood have suffered greatly from stolen poultry, turkeys and ducks. Last week Frank Maize lost some turkeys but found a soft hat in the tree, which bears the name of an Akron dealer. This was turned over to Wooster officers and the clew run down and resulted in the arrest of John McCannell, aged 22, who lives near Cross Keys. His partner, James Shanklin, escaped. Yesterday afternoon he confessed, implicating Shanklin.

A NEW THING IN SOCIALS.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Jan. 30.—The avoirdupois social held by the Good Templar lodge of this place, in the lodge room Saturday night, was the grandest affair of its kind ever held in this place. Each lady's name and weight was written on a card and put in the sack, which were drawn out by two girls, and the gentleman whose name was mated paid one-fifth of a cent per pound. After all were sold they repaired to the vacant room under the lodge room, where a bountiful spread had been prepared, to which all did justice to the occasion. The song rendered by Chas. Jones touched the hearts of all present. The proceeds amounted to \$13.

LOST HIS LEFT EYE.

NORWALK, Jan. 30.—Dewey Wolcott, of the Lake Shore machine shop, had the great misfortune yesterday to lose the sight of his left eye while at work repairing a locomotive. He was chipping a bolt out of the saddle of an engine, when a piece of the bolt flew out and struck him in his left eye, entirely destroying the sight.

Burglars at Dalton.

DALTON, Jan. 30.—Another attempt was made to burglarize E. Freet's clothing store last night, and this time it was successful. A panel was cut out of the back door, and the thieves gained an entrance. It is not yet known how much was taken. They are invoicing today in

order to find out how much was stolen. The parties left their old clothes in exchange for the new.

QUESTIONS FOR TEACHERS.

Inquiries Put to Them at the Local County Examination.

The night schools established by Supt. L. W. Day, at Canton this winter are accomplishing much good. There are eight schools presided over by experienced teachers, mostly principals of the buildings in which the schools are held. They are in session from 7 to 9 five days out of the week. The text books are furnished by the board, and pupils over twenty-one years of age are charged twenty-five cents tuition for the term. The teachers receive \$40 a month for their services.

The examiners will hold a meeting in the high school room at Navarre, Saturday, February 15th.

There will be a re-union of the old teachers and pupils of the Stumps school in Bethlehem township, Friday, February 14th.

The teachers in Bethlehem township, will hold an institute at the Sinks town school house on Saturday, February 8th.

The following lists were used by the county school examiners at their meeting at Minerva last Saturday:

ARITHMETIC.

1. How much greater is the product of 15 1/6 and 8 1/2, than their sum?
2. A cubic foot of water weighs 62.356 pounds; iron is 7.8 times heavier than water; find the exact weight of 720 cubic inches of iron.
3. Express in proper form a true proportion whose extremes are 9/5 bushels and \$22.50.
4. What is the effect of annexing decimal ciphers to a number? Why?
5. A man sowed wheat in a 12 acre field, which is 20 per cent. larger than his oats field and the oats field is 25 per cent. smaller than his rye field. How many acres has he in the three fields?
6. The tax on an assessment of \$4,300 is \$24.78. Required the rate in mills per dollar of assessment.
7. What is the area of a rectangular garden, three times as long as wide, that is inclosed with 320 feet of fence?
8. Give two composite numbers greater than 40 that are relatively prime. Show why.
9. How many yards of canvass are needed to make a conical tent 15 feet high and 12 feet in diameter?
10. What is the per cent. of gain or loss on lead pencils costing \$2 per gross and retailing at 2 cents apiece?

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Define perihelion, and aphelion. When do they occur?
2. Give one proof that the earth is round. One that it revolves around the sun. One that it rotates on its axis.
3. How many rotations on its axis does the earth make in a leap year? What is the width, in miles, of the torrid zone? Of the temperate zones?
4. What are the uses of mountains? Of volcanoes and earthquakes?
5. How is man classified with respect to his physical characteristics? How with respect to his manner of living?
6. Where are the following minerals found in the United States: Iron, lead, silver, copper, marble?
7. What and where are the following: Transvaal, Armenia, Hecla, Golden Gate, Itasca?

HISTORY.

1. What is history? With what does history deal principally?
2. Name three settlements made in the first twenty years of the seventeenth century. By whom made?
3. When and where was the first college founded in America?
4. What were the most decisive land and naval battles of the war of 1812?
5. Name the presidents of the United States who served less than four years. Why?
6. Bound the United States as it was at the adoption of the constitution.
7. State three prominent events of Jefferson's administration.
8. Name five of the oldest cities of Ohio.
9. What cities have been the capital of this state?
10. Compare the first settlers of Virginia and Massachusetts.

SPELLING.

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| valuable, | precede, | Briton, |
| grammar, | intercede, | gambol, |
| dolorous, | supercede, | fatiguing, |
| Pestalozzi, | recipient, | gaugable, |
| increasing, | scientific, | singeing, |
| prairies, | benefited, | judgment, |
| inferences, | conferred, | chimneys, |
| inaugural, | mimicking, | mosquitoes, |
| payable, | tournament, | stiletos, |
| collectable, | allegiance, | octavos, |
| pretensions, | parliament, | bowled, |

IT IS FOUNDATIONLESS.

Ex-Secretary Whitney Not After the Zoar Community.

The report is in circulation that a syndicate headed by William C. Whitney, of New York, is negotiating for the purchase of the property of the Zoar community, expecting to convert it into an immense park, and stock it with deer and game. An inquiry sent to L. Zimmerman, secretary of the Zoar Society, elicits this reply:

Zoar, Jan. 31.—There is no truth in the report whatever. No negotiations of any sort are pending.

L. ZIMMERMAN.

DIED OF HYDROPHOBIA.

A Canal Dover Man the Victim of a Mad Dog.

NEW PHILADELPHIA, O., Jan. 30.—Andrew Pirmann, of Canal Dover, died of hydrophobia Wednesday morning. While trying to separate two dogs that were fighting, several weeks since, one of them bit him, producing hydrophobia, resulting in his death. He was a widower and his age was sixty years.

If you want a pair of fine boots or shoes, hand made, to order, you can get them at 21 West Main street. Shoes made in all styles, sewed or pegged. Repairing promptly and neatly done. Open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Herman R. Hints.

THE INDEPENDENT.
THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
15 North Erie St., Massillon, O.
WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1894.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1897.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.
Long Distance Telephone No. 60.
Farmer's Telephone No. 60.
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1896.

The Beach City News has expired. Editor Spideil announces: "With this issue of the Beach City News we bid our readers farewell. We have faithfully endeavored to keep up during the hard times, but have nothing to speak of to show for our labor."

The only ripping that should be done at Columbus, should be done to the rippers. If municipal governments are dissatisfactory let them remain so, and THE INDEPENDENT hopes that the unsatisfaction with them will increase and multiply until we have a scientific adjustment that shall include every city, and not one made to gratify certain political bosses.

Representative Austin has come home from Columbus to spend Sunday. He says that he has a bill prepared, providing for the proper and equitable reorganization of the county board of elections, and is merely waiting to co-operate with Senator Williams, who is equally interested in remedying the situation whereby membership on the present board is limited to the county seat.

Ex-Governor McKinley keeps a photograph of Speaker Reed upon his mantle, and THE INDEPENDENT prints four columns about the brainy man from Maine today. We all honor and respect him, and perhaps if we hadn't a friend and fellow citizen nearer home, who seems to be very much in demand, we might want to have Ohio go in his direction next summer. But as things stand, it looks as though Mr. McKinley's vacation would be limited.

In his last report to the state department Consul Howells writes from Cardiff that the tin plate trade is looking up. "It is remarkable," he says, "how decided has been the change in popular feeling in consequence of the news that the price of steel had advanced to such an extent that tin plates could not be manufactured at competitive prices. An immense improvement has already taken place here in the steel trade, although as yet, prices have not been enhanced to the same extent as in the United States; and herein lies the hope of the tin plate makers, for if it should ensue that the boom in prices corresponds in degree to that which has taken place in the United States, the Welshmen would gain no advantage. It is worthy of note that the manufacturers are bestirring themselves in the direction of opening new markets, because they feel that their hold upon the American market is by no means a firm one."

The Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railway company, recognizing the place occupied by electricity as a motive power, are preparing this to operate trains between Jackson and Wellsston, a distance of 10 miles. The motors are equipped with Buckeye couplers, are to be electrically heated and lighted and capable of making 60 miles an hour. The motors are 80 horse power, are provided with doors in the vestibules similar to the new pattern of vestibule on Pullman cars and are seated lengthwise at either end and similar to a day coach in the middle. They have two four-wheel trucks with 36-inch wheels and a trolley to the side instead of directly overhead to prevent the corrosion of the trolley wire from smoke out of the engines hauling steam trains and to prevent brakemen from being discommoded by a trolley wire directly above the track. The steam railways, threatened with competition by the advance of electricity, may find in the foregoing a suggestion for themselves. Should the Wheeling & Lake Erie equip itself for light traffic between Massillon and Zoar, for instance, Mr. Lynch would find his Navarre prospects vanished, when at length he makes up his mind to fulfill his agreement. Similarly the Pennsylvania Company might utilize its M. & C. line from here to Canal Fulton. The track is laid, power is easily available, and very little is needed in the way of additional investment.

THOUGHTS FOR A THINKER.
While ex-Governor McKinley is reflecting upon the possibilities of this life, the advisability of learning to ride a bicycle and the advantages of private citizenship from a candidate's point of view, he might also include these suggestions from THE INDEPENDENT, designed for future application:
Secretary of State W. R. Day.
Secretary of the Treasury J. Whiting.
Secretary of War J. J. Clark.
Secretary of the Navy George E. Baldwin.
Secretary of the Interior A. C. Tamm.
Secretary of Agriculture Edward S. Ruff.
Postmaster General Josiah Hartzell.
Attorney General Allen Carnes.
It is respectfully submitted that Mr. McKinley may look farther and make up a much poorer cabinet. This is a

protective tariff, home grown cabinet, with a rose thrown over the party wall for our friend the enemy. It is believed that this adjustment of things would give satisfaction in Canton. To be sure, it would prevent Mr. Carnes from becoming prosecuting attorney of Stark county, but this calamity might not be displeasing to Mr. C. C. Upham, or to Mr. A. M. McCarty, who is understood to be wobbling on the top round of the fence, with chances favoring a fall among the candidates.

GOOD FOR MR. WILHELM.
Representative George W. Wilhelm, of Stark county, has prepared a bill providing for the reduction of railroad passenger rates from three to two cents a mile. Mr. Wilhelm is quoted as being discouraged in his project by other members, but, he comments, "I feel that it is not a subject to be passed over that way."

"It seems to me that few matters of greater importance will be brought before the assembly, and the members cannot better serve their constituents than by passing such a bill. All but poor people ride now for two cents per mile. Thousand mile books may be obtained for \$20, and what I desire is that the advantage of that rate be extended to those who cannot afford to buy the books. Persons who spend \$10 or \$15 a year for railroad fare have been paying three cents per mile long enough, and the companies can well afford to make a reduction."

Mr. Wilhelm is right. We have been paying two cents a mile in spots, long enough. The railways are common carriers, and by the sale of mileage books and offering of special rates to favored localities have justified legislation which will correct evils they seem to be unable to wipe out themselves. Wherever electricity has come in competition with steam, the railway companies have already reduced their fares or are about to do so. As a rule the cuts benefit some one large city on each line, while the smaller cities must pay full rates on their business. The tendency of this discrimination, while in the nature of things unjust, is to cripple the trade of the minor points for the advantage of others. Mr. Wilhelm ought to incorporate in his bill some provision regarding passes. We pay our legislators a salary and mileage, and if they accept favors from railways it must be that the latter expect thereby to carry favor. The acceptance of passes by members is contrary to the best sentiment of our people and should be stopped.

MEMORIAL TO GENERAL POE.
Acting for Michigan Commandery, of the Loyal Legion, L. S. Trowbridge, R. A. Alger and Henry R. Mizner, have prepared an unpublished memorial of General Orlando M. Poe, for the records of the Commandery and for the family. General Poe was one of the most distinguished sons of Massillon, and his death on October 2nd, of last year, while regarded as a national calamity, occasioned a deeper regret among this old home friends. The memorial briefly speaks of his entrance into the civil war from Detroit, under the command of General, then Captain, Meade.

"When the states began organizing their troops for the approaching struggle," the committee continue, "Lieut. Poe was invited by Governor Dennison of Ohio to assist him in organizing the Ohio troops. Filled with patriotic zeal he at once applied to Capt. Meade for a sufficient leave of absence to enable him to comply with Governor Dennison's request. But that officer, apparently lacking the clearness of vision as to the hurrying events of the near future which had stirred Poe's pulse, declined to grant the leave requested. Governor Dennison then requested Lieut. Poe to recommend some competent person for that duty, and he recommended George B. McClellan, a graduate of West Point Military Academy, who had resigned his position in the army, and was then in civil life. McClellan was selected and when the Ohio troops were ready to take the field, who so likely to go in command of them as the man who had organized them? Had Lieut. Poe's request for leave of absence been granted, there is no reason to doubt that he would have led the Ohio troops to the field, and the same successes in West Virginia which made McClellan famous would without doubt have crowned his efforts, and who shall say that they would not, in all human probability, have placed him in command of the army of the Potomac?"

This incident, it is believed, is comparatively unknown to those familiar with the main outlines of General Poe's distinguished career. The memorial deals in no fulsome praise, but with "words full freighted with honest sympathy" tells of the manner of man he was.

The Seventh Victim Dies.
HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Feb. 1.—Samuel Marks, one of the victims of the boiler explosion, has died, making the seventh death due to the terrible accident. Samuel Kephart, John Woomer, Superintendent B. F. Cramer and Robert Marks are not expected to recover.

To Investigate Tariff Discrimination.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The house committee on ways and means has adopted a resolution providing for an investigation of tariff discriminations against American products and of the effect of the repeal of the reciprocity laws.

Prince Ferdinand's to Resign.
ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 1.—It is asserted in Slavophile circles that the Bulgarian question is approaching a solution, and that Prince Ferdinand's resignation is only a matter of time.

BILL NYE AND OLLIE.
A LIFE SKETCH AND THE GREAT LESSON IT TEACHES.

The Hapless Postmaster of Pokeberry Branch and His Remarkable Adventure With a Woman Who Had Been "Emancipated"—The Letter That Never Came.

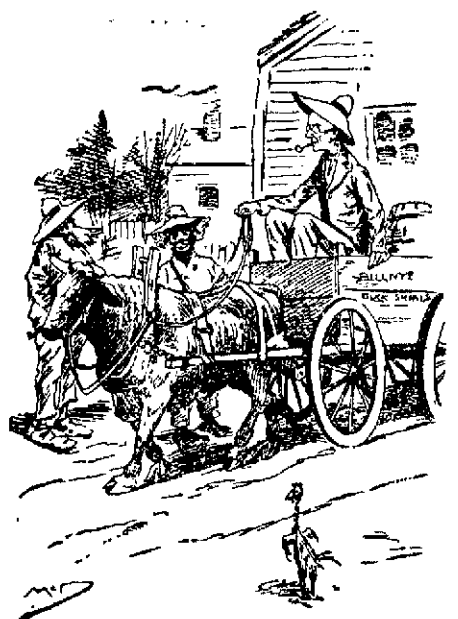
[Copyright, 1896, by Edgar W. Nye.]
ARDEN P. O., HENDERSON CO.,
THIS STATE, JAN. 18.

Kope Elias Sundayed in town last Tuesday.

Colonel Bill Cicero will take up the Turkey Tail school again next month. His vacation in January was due to the hellish work of our overzealous grand jury. Why cause a scandal about a mule anyhow?

Some days ago I wrote to a neighboring editor, who writes over the pseudonym of Ollie K. Sox, and asked him if he would not early in the glad new year publish a biographical sketch of his life in order to show the rising generation how easy it is for a chump to rise in literature, and that there is no more trouble in making a good living in literature than there is in counting the colored vote in South Carolina.

I did not think that he would at once respond, but the last issue of his paper contains what I requested and is really



NYE GOES NEWS GATHERING.
worth reading. It has also done a great deal of good. Among other things, it has encouraged me to call in all the autobiographies I have ever written and also several that have been written without my knowledge.

If this little sketch, copied verbatim of the legislature or warn him just as he is about to write a life of himself, so that the space may be used for pure reading matter instead, the object of this paragraph will have been attained.

Ollie K. Sox is an assumed name which I have given him in order to spare his family, in which direction I may say he is extremely well fixed.

After giving date of birth, etc., he goes on:

"Next I went to school to a governess and she was a Miss Spurling who had a mind so easy that the smallest child could learn from her and I was one of them children who learn well and readily. The next day I was sent on a call to Newark, N. J., to Miss Brown to dine and then the next day see the Buckingham hotel in New York and see the sleeping beauty. I next took my music box to be fixed on 29 1878. On the following Monday I went to a colored entertainment called 'The Fool's Revenge.' It was very fine. I then went to have my watch fixed and was using Papa's while mine was away. On the following Saturday I went to the Dentists at 9:30 being in May 1878. On September 13 1878 I went in business with my brother-in-law but was soon down sick for a week until the 16 of September. The reaction was too great for me to go so violent into the play ground in the business of life but yet what once endured cannot be obscured and to-day I am one of the leading men in the newspaper kingdom."

It seems to me that a man who would visit the Buckingham hotel and witness a sleeping beauty at the same time would do well to keep it as quiet as possible; otherwise it might be used against him in the future.

Still the old adage afterward quoted—that what is once endured cannot be obscured—may come in there, which reminds me of the expression made by a man who asked me the other day for a temporary loan of \$8 to pay a debt which he owed to my wife. He said that no doubt it might look to me like "robbing Peter to pay Paul," but it was all right.

The postmaster at the place named below sends me a note of inquiry which I insert here in order to aid a good cause. Should any reader of this page recall to memory dear a man with a pair of mules named Jen and Beck about 13 years ago or at present, and claiming to be a "bachelor" (the man, I mean), will he write to the address given and thus throw light on one who evidently is not a bachelor at present or 13 years ago?

People whose business calls them into society where persons who like their dram are most likely to be found will do well to remember Mr. Randolph and keep an eye out for a pair of mules named Jen and Beck at present or 13 years ago:
Oct 9th 96
Mr postmaster Wellington fills please inform me if you know anything of a man by the name of Randolph claiming to be an old Bachelor living in your town or country, about 13 years ago or at present. Randolph is a man that used to be a mule. About 13 years ago he owned a pair of mules. Their names were Jen and Beck. resp yours
M. S. RANDOLPH
Cassville Barry Co. Mo.

Co., New York city. She had a little black haversack inside a small handbag, and inside of the little haversack was a purse containing a \$1 bill and a cunning little chatelaine watch which could run a week between breakfast and lunch without getting out of breath.

There were also some samples of fiber chamois and a powder rag.

"How much are your charges?" she said, opening up her valises like a surgeon going down after a case of appendicitis.

"Well, that will depend on the size of the order, madam," said the anxious postmaster, for he was in a hurry and had his quarterly statement to make to the government, and two or three were waiting to get their Christmas packages to see how near they sized up in value with those sent in exchange for same.

The fire also was going out, and the postmaster wanted to slip away and mash up another panel of fence to kindle it again, and also he lacked about \$5.75 of making up the government's share of the quarterly receipts.

"Fill out one of them applications," he said, chucking the south end of a starchbox into the stove and going away to measure out some kerosene and do up a four foot candy cane and getting the flavors a good deal mixed.

"What day of the month is this, please?" she asked the postmaster as he went out on the street to buy all that was mortal of a pink shote out V shaped in the neck.

"It's the 10th," he panted as he threw his grewsome burden on the scales and brushed the cold leaf lard from his Spanish moss whiskers.

"I want to get this off early," she said, "because it's an order for Christmas, and I would feel like kicking you full of holes if you disappointed little Plantagenet of his sled."

"Yes, ma'am," said the tired postmaster, putting the last drop of humidity he had on a stamp for a little colored girl whose father still thinks he has the right of suffrage.

"Can you hustle this right through so there won't be any delay, please?" she said, looking at him earnestly and stabbing her pen into the large Early Rose potato which stood at the desk for that purpose and then looking far away like a woman who is about to endorse a check on the wrong end.

"Waal, I cnd go along with it, of co'se, if you wuz in a right much of a hurry, but yit it would cost mo' to do it," says the postmaster, beginning to cut up the cold and pulseless clay of the bog and lay the fragments on a large holiday display of ladies' and children's fine white goods.

"Don't get flussy now," said she, turning around and putting one foot on a keg of nails so that her bicycle pants could defy the police. "Don't you dare to jerk any thralldom on me, or I'll give you some talk with the bark on it. I want you to understand that I've been emancipated."

"When did that happen?" says the postmaster, winking at an old colored gent who was worth \$1,000 before the war.

"Never you mind when it happened," said she, reaching petulantly for her handkerchief and pulling out by mistake a small bicycle oil can and a little mammoth stomach pump for inflating a wheel when it has that tired feeling. "If I don't hear from this order by return mail, there'll be a new postmaster in here before the jonquils come again, and that ain't all, birdie. I'll tell you another thing, too—if you don't quit wiping your hands on the dome of your pants, I'll fix it so that you won't sell much of that there pork. How do you spell hustle?"

"Yes, but I don't see what that's got to do with a money order," said the postmaster, scratching his nose on a barrel full of brooms, for his hands were lardy, and his nose itched powerful and scandalous.

The new woman looked over her work, at last spelled "hustle" as she would "muscle," and smiled at something in the postscript on the application which she had just written and was about to mail, when the postmaster returned to the department, wiped his hands on a New York Tribune and then reminded her that the thing she had just toyed with was an application, and then he said: "Madam, if you'll excuse the pine blankness of a rough old cuss that's berried three (3) women all better and smarter a damsize 'n what you be, I'll



she was emancipated.
say right here that, pore as I am today, I'd rather foller my fourth woman to her grave than see her emancipated, as you call it."

She said that men with three or four dead wives most generally seemed opposed to progress, she'd noticed, and then she got her P. O. money order for \$1.98, called the dog, put her two copper cents into her purse, the purse into the portemonnaie, the portemonnaie into the haversack, the haversack into the handbag, slung it over her shoulder and pulled her wheel out on the street. One leg hung in the zenith for a moment as she bestrade her wheel, there was a fleeting fit of leather leggings pumping like everything, a frightened team or two,

the cries of the wounded, the unutterable peace of the dead, and she was gone. That evening she came again to the postoffice to see if the package had come from Hilton, Hughes & Co., but the cold, calm face of the postmaster and the sudden recollection that it required a week to send a letter from Pokeberry Branch P. O. to New York and secure an answer decided her to ask the postmaster if he had any upright pianos suitable for Christmas presents and then to go on.

For three weeks the new woman clamored for her Hilton, Hughes & Co. package, and then Plantagenet came and abused the postmaster also.

Finally, in answer to a letter sent to the postmaster general, a special agent came to Pokeberry Branch P. O. and asked for the new woman.

He told her that it was a solemn thing to charge a poor postmaster with appropriating her money. What proof had she? "Proof!" she snorted as she laughed in her sleeve till it was most full. "I have his receipt, and the money never got to New York."

"Let me see the receipt," she pulled it from a little purse that she took from a portemonnaie which she took from a little haversack which was contained in a little handbag.

"Some would of tore up the receipt, but I did not. When I deal with a man that's got a cemetery full of hump shouldered wives, deformed by their burdens of thralldom, I jing, I keep the receipt. We live not in the dark ages, but in the bright fin de turble of advanced thought, I jing."

"But, madam," said the special agent, "this is not a receipt. It's the money order itself. Send it to Hilton, Hughes & Co., and Plantagenet shall have his toy. Good evening. I have just time to catch a bull team for Biltmore if I run 28 m.fes. Good evening."

And he was gone down the red clay road, hutting only the high places every little while with a glad cry as he ran.

Bill Nye

Horrible Fate of a Workman.

WILKESBARRE, Feb. 1.—Michael Crevick at the Prospect breaker was in the dirt chute when one of the loaders began to "draw" dirt into a car. Crevick was buried in the dirt and it was impossible for him to extricate himself. The loader was unaware of Crevick's predicament and continued drawing. Crevick died of suffocation.

Forger Brigham Sentenced.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Paul Brigham, who pleaded guilty to having forged the certificate of a check on the Columbia National bank of Washington, by which the Lincoln National bank of this city was swindled out of \$6,500, has been sentenced to seven years in state's prison by Judge Cowing.

Labor Leader Dempsey Released.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—Labor Leader Dempsey has been released from the penitentiary.

A GREAT SALE
FOR THIRTY DAYS. 25 per cent OFF

Commencing Monday, January 20th.

—To reduce our Immense stock of—

Chinaware, Queensware, Glassware, LAMPS, etc.

We will for the next Thirty Days sell our entire stock on the second floor, Dinner Sets alone excepted, at a reduction of Twenty-five per cent.

CLOSE BUYERS who realized how low our prices were during the Holidays, will fully appreciate this immense cut.

We call especial attention to our line of Lamps. A finer or more varied stock was never placed on sale in this city, and the prices now



asked are lower than ever known before. Our shelves are full of the finest grades of

American Imported Chinaware,

Bric-a-brac, etc., every piece of which will go at the reduced price. As a sample of what we propose doing, note the following prices on first-class grades of White Granite Ware:

American White Granite. Meakins White Granite

Handled Cups and Saucers per set.....	25c	Handled cups and saucers.....	49c
Unhandled Cups and Saucers per set....	20c	Unhandled " "	39c
Dinner Plates per set.....	30c	Dinner plates per set.....	49c
Breakfast Plates per set.....	25c	Breakfast plates per set.....	39c
Covered Chambers.....	39c	Wash Bowl and Pitcher.....	73c
Uncovered Chambers.....	24c		

S. F. WEFLER,
31 East Main Street, - - - Massillon.

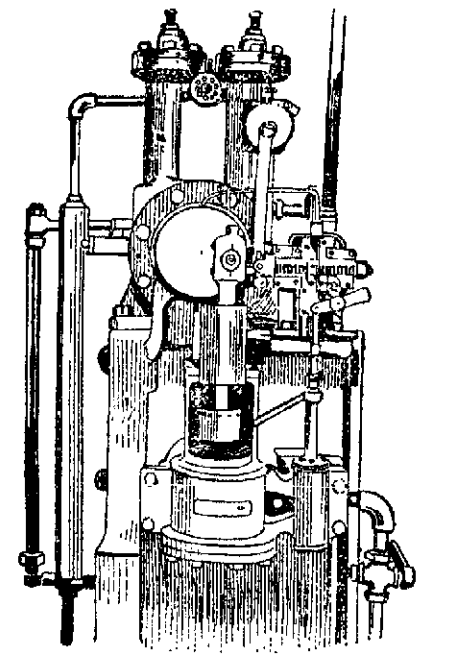
COLD STORAGE FOOD.

A MAMMOTH INDUSTRY CONCERNING WHICH LITTLE IS KNOWN.

More Than a Score of Great Warehouses in New York For Preserving Meats and Fruit—Stored in Frigid Atmosphere For More Than a Year.

[Special Correspondence.]
New York, Jan. 27.—When you order roast chicken or turkey or delicious sucking pig in hotels or restaurants, you doubtless smack your lips with anticipation of the feast and consider yourself a very great connoisseur of good living. I wonder would you enjoy your banquet quite so much and would you reckon yourself so much of a bon vivant if you should examine the subject of cold storage thoroughly.

If, as you put that dainty, crisp morsel of golden browned young pig in your mouth, some one were to tell you that



COLD STORAGE MACHINE.

it had been hanging for over a year in a cold storage warehouse, do you think you could swallow it, or if the tender breast of that spring chicken should prove to be from a fowl killed in the spring of 1895 do you imagine it would seem quite so much of a delicacy? You cannot tell these days what you are eating unless you belong to that fortunate class of beings who can run out in their back yards, kill and dress their own swine, beef or fowls and cook them in their own kitchens.

The business of cold storage is a vast and important feature of metropolitan commercial life. New York boasts two dozen great cold storage warehouses, wherein shippers and dealers, wholesale and retail, store the quantities of beef, game, poultry, eggs, vegetables and fruits which regale, solace and sustain the metropolitan stomach. There is, by the way, nothing too good for that same stomach. The markets of the west and south send their choicest products to New York, the city of well fed men and women.

Many of the cold storage warehouses still cling to the use of ice, natural or artificial, as the case may be, and of salt for freezing purposes. Others have adopted the newer method of using salt brine and ammonia. The ammonia cools the brine, and the cold air is pumped by an engine into the various rooms of the big warehouses. In one large warehouse, down near the ferries and quays, there are 25 miles of pipe running from the pump into all quarters of the great building. This warehouse, which is typical, is five stories in height and has a capacity of 75 carloads of freight.

On one of the coldest days of the recent cold snap, when the thermometer registered only 3 degrees above zero, the writer, believing in the eternal fitness of things, visited a cold storage warehouse. While at first glance this might appear foolhardy, let me say that it is much more prudent to visit such a place on a bitterly cold day than to go in the heat of summer, when the sudden change of temperature might produce fatal results. As a matter of fact, it was actually warmer in many of the warehouse chambers than outside. The average temperature of the rooms devoted to the storage of meats, game and poultry is from 12 to 16 degrees above zero, while that in the rooms set apart for fruits and vegetables ranges from 32 to 34 degrees above.

Some idea of the immense stores deposited in these warehouses may be gained from the statement that in one room the writer saw 1,000 barrels of apples and was told that there were alto-

gether in the warehouse 10,000 barrels of Bartlett pears. One room was piled to the top with saddles of venison, there being 1,500 in the collection. In another room were 2,000 chickens waiting the resurrection day. But the most fascinating and appalling of all the sights shown the writer was a row of beautifully dressed baby pigs, stored before the holidays of 1895 and to be kept until the holidays of 1896. There is one humble individual in New York who won't eat sucking pig next December.

The rates for cold storage are one-third cent per pound per month. Cheap enough it sounds, but when a dealer consigns thousands of pounds of stuff to the care of the warehouse it may readily be seen what a bill he will have in a few months. Cold storage is only for six days on oysters and vegetables. The cold storage companies do not examine goods on receipt, so that, not being able to certify to their condition, they are not responsible for any damage to perishable goods. Condition and quality being thus unknown, all goods are stored at the risk of owners. The dealer, on consigning his stuff to the warehouse, receives a receipt for so many barrels, boxes, kegs, crates, bags, baskets, tubs or other receptacles, or for so many fish, ribs, lambs, saddles, calves, loins or sheep, as the case may be. He is of course privileged to draw out any amount of this stuff at any time he may wish on the payment of its board bill.

Many cold storage warehouses do a regular banking business. For illustration, suppose a poultry dealer wishes to buy 10,000 fowls and has not the money wherewith to secure them. He borrows that money at 6 per cent interest from a cold storage warehouse, or rather the storage firm buy the poultry for him and store it in their warehouse, giving him the privilege of taking out as many as he likes from time to time on the payment of cash at the rate of one-third cent per pound per month plus the interest on the money advanced for the original purchase. Thus the cold storage people become, as it were, brokers of food stuffs and make a handsome profit in this way.

The juices and steam from the imprisoned meats in a cold storage warehouse form a frost on the pipes used to convey the cold air to the refrigerators. This frost takes on all sorts of fantastic and pretty effects, so that the pipes are really quite attractive at times. Barrels of this frosty substance are daily removed. It looks exactly like ice, but when you lift pieces of it you find them as light as thistle down.

The consignors of stuff to the cold storage warehouses are, as a rule, the market dealers, who in old days lost thousands of dollars on unsalable goods. Now all they have to do is to pop left over stuff into cold storage and try it again. Meanwhile the gourmand rubs his hands over his delicacies, not knowing he is eating meats possibly a year old. "What of that?" asked one to whom the writer was expressing his disgust. "Think of the mastodons frozen in Siberia which the dogs unearthed and ate! It doesn't hurt them a little bit."

Yet to name it may not be an agreeable thing to fancy you may be eating stuff which has been in cold storage over a year.

JAMAICA.

Characteristics of the People—Its Exports and Imports.

[Special Correspondence.]
KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 20.—The tourist upon arriving at Kingston does not form a very favorable impression of Jamaica. There is no disputing the fact that the city has been in a very poor condition for years. The sewers are above ground and in the center or at the side of the streets. The sidewalks are miserable, to say the least, and it is far preferable to walk in the middle of the streets, jump the sewers and dodge the cabmen, who have no regard for pedestrians, than to keep on the uneven sidewalks. This, however, will be remedied to a certain extent, as the city fathers have had the fact pointed out to them that the city is in a most wretched condition, a disgrace to the island. An underground sewerage system is now being put in. They have an excellent water system, and every house owner is compelled to place the water in each house for the tenants, and no restrictions are placed upon the amount of water to be used. This has greatly added to the healthfulness of the city. Gas and electric lights are also in use.

The longer one remains in Kingston the less favorable impression he has of the island. The city is overcrowded with a poor, ignorant class, and it is a

wonder how they manage to exist. Upon the arrival of a steamer the wharfs are crowded with the natives, poorly clad, and one is besieged on every side, and all he can hear is "gum me a thurpence."



A NEGRO HUT.

sah," or you are asked to buy fruit or cigars. To one who has visited the tropics for the first time it is an interesting sight. More women than men are employed in coaling steamers, carrying large baskets of coal on their heads much easier than we could carry it with our hands. Their habits and mode of living are somewhat similar to the negroes' in our southern states. The merest excuse of a hut is sufficient for them to live in, and their daily food consists of salt meat, corn bread, green bananas and yams. It is next to impossible to get them to move quickly unless there is a reward in sight. In many respects they are like children. They must first be taught and are willing to please so long as you do not try to force them. The majority will not work on Saturday or Sunday, and no matter how important the work may be they prefer to lose their day's wages in order to be out on the street and go to the market. They are happy and contented if they have but one meal a day, and don't seem to mind it very much if they miss that, and never bother themselves about the morrow. If they were an industrious class, it would not be necessary to import from the United States about \$200,000 worth of corn annually, \$158,000 worth of pork and beef, \$156,000 worth of butter and \$740,000 worth of flour. The total imports for the fiscal year ending March, 1894, were \$1,852,545, more than one-half the total imports from all other countries combined. The principal exports from the island are fruit and logwood, and the United States gets nearly the whole of them. A large amount of coffee and sugar is also exported, the most of it going to the United States.

Must Hear Both Sides.

Baron Alderson once released from his duties a juror who stated that he was deaf with one ear. "You may leave the box," said his lordship, "since it is necessary you should hear both sides."

Realized His Position.

"Young man," said the old lady on the incoming train after having paid him half a dollar for the transportation of himself and baggage, "do you ever expect to go to heaven?"

"Not while I'm working for the bus line, ma'am," answered the young man, moving down the aisle. "Go in further than Chicago, sir?"—Chicago Tribune.

Not What They Looked.

Near-sighted Old Lady—Goodness me! Here's a man coming down the street with a brick in each hand.

Her Daughter—Don't be frightened, mamma. It's only Charlie Pluggins with his russet gloves on.—Roxbury Gazette.

Spared.

"Well, father," exclaimed the prodigal son, as he made his appearance again at the family fireside, "are you ready to kill the fattest calf?"

"No," replied the old man grimly. "I think I'll let you live."—Chicago Post.

Only Changed.

She—And you told me that it would ever be your aim to make my life naught but one of happiness. And to think that I believed you.

He—That's nothing. I believed it at the time myself.—Indianapolis Journal.

A Legislature Adjourns.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 1.—The general assembly has adjourned until April 7.

VALUABLE OIL FIELDS.

Fortunes to Be Made in Northern Tennessee and Southern Kentucky.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 1.—The opening up of the Tennessee and Kentucky oil fields is the wedge that will very shortly split the oil market in two. Several dozen wells are being sunk in the counties of Northern Tennessee and Southern Kentucky. Pay oil has been struck in seven of these wells which yield from 10 to 100 barrels and upward in response to pumping.

The Standard Oil company has proposed to extend its pipe line from Sistersville, W. Va., into the region and put up tanks for storage at the wells as soon as the daily product reaches 1,000 barrels. This time will not be far off, for three-fourths of the forest and forest land in Fentress, Overton, Pickett, Morgan and Scott counties, in Tennessee, and Wayne, Pulaski, Clinton and Cumberland, in Kentucky, has been leased to prospectors coming in the main from New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

The Standard Oil company, acting through sub-committees, is very active in Kentucky, but more so along the east line of the district in Tennessee, where they are now drilling three deep wells on top of Cumberland plateau. Their leases in Tennessee are largely in excess of 100,000 acres, but have not monopoly of best locations. The Forest Oil company of Pittsburgh are their representatives in this field, the South Fenn looking after their interests in Kentucky. The former has had a resident agent at Rugby, Tenn., for six years, quietly acquiring oil and gas rights.

Gas has been struck in volume on western limit of oil region and has in several instances since 1892 caused great destruction of tools and machinery. Most of this immense territory is a thinly settled wilderness almost inaccessible.

IN HONOR OF HAMILTON.

Prominent Men Responded to Toasts at the Banquet at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Many notable men were present at the annual dinner of the Hamilton club in commemoration of the birth of Alexander Hamilton. President Samuel W. Allerton of the club acted as toastmaster. It had been expected that Governor Levi P. Morton of New York, ex-Secretary of the Interior Noble of Missouri, and Senator J. B. Foraker of Ohio would be present, but all three of them were unavoidably absent. Governor Bushnell of Ohio responded to the toast of "Republican Ohio" and Bishop Charles E. Cheney of Chicago to "The Patriot." Prof. Booker T. Washington of Alabama spoke upon "Our New Citizen."

Hon. William H. Skaggs, president of the Southern and Southwestern Industrial association, was warmly received when he came to speak on "The Passing of the Solid South."

A Railroadier Resigns.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 1.—W. W. Daniel, general freight agent of the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking, has resigned. His successor has been chosen, but the name is not known.

Sullivan Much Better.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Feb. 1.—John L. Sullivan has no fever, and is sitting up in bed. The doctor is greatly encouraged over the progress made and hopes to have Sullivan out of bed in a week.

A Cashier Succides.

ROME, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Hon. George Barnard, cashier of the Fort Stanwix National bank of this place, has committed suicide. The bank has been closed pending an investigation.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, February 1, 1896.

GRAIN MARKET.	
Wheat, per bushel (old)	65
Rye, per bushel	40
Oats, per bushel	20-25
Barley, per bushel	30-35
Wool, per 100 lbs.	20-12
Flax Seed, per 100 lbs.	81-00
Clover Seed, per 100 lbs.	33-50-40
Timothy Seed, per 100 lbs.	150-81
Erab, per 100 lbs.	4-00
Middlings, per 100 lbs.	14-00-16-00
Hay, per 100 lbs.	10-00
POULTRY.	
Choice Butter, per lb.	16
Eggs, per dozen	16
Lard, per pound	7
Hams, per lb.	10
Shoulders, per lb.	8
Sides, per lb.	8
Cheese, per lb.	8
White beans, per bushel	11-00-12-00
Potatoes, per bushel	25
Onions, per bushel	25
Apples, per bushel	80
Evaporated Apples, choice	10-11
Dried Peaches, peeled	12-15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4-8
Salt, per barrel	11-00-11-30

Chicago and Toledo Markets.
CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs, \$3.95 to \$4.80; cattle unchanged.
Wheat, 65½; corn, 28½; oats, 19½.
TOLEDO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat, 73½.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time.

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.		Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.	
Taking effect Dec. 8, 1895.		Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time	
Going East.	No. 1. No. 3. No. 5. No. 7.	Westward.	No. 2. No. 4. No. 6. No. 8.
Toledo.....Lv.	7:50 1:05 7:45	Pittsburgh.....AM	7:00 1:10 7:00
Oak Harbor.....Lv.	8:40 2:07 8:40	Lawrenceville.....AM	8:25 2:35 8:25
Fremont.....Lv.	9:10 2:30 9:09	Columbiana.....AM	9:00 3:10 9:00
Clyde.....Lv.	9:40 3:00 9:35	Leontia.....AM	9:12 3:45 9:12
Bellevue.....Lv.	9:44 3:10 9:45	Salem.....AM	9:25 3:55 9:25
Monroeville.....Lv.	9:58 3:27 10:07	Allegheny.....AM	9:55 4:25 9:55
Norwalk.....Lv.	10:18 3:40 10:21	Maximo.....AM	10:00 4:30 10:00
Wellington.....Lv.	11:05 4:35 11:10	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:25 4:55 10:25
Spencer.....Lv.	11:20 4:51 11:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:50 5:20 10:50
Lodi.....Lv.	11:35 5:08 11:44	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:00 5:30 11:00
Creston.....Lv.	11:50 5:25 12:03	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:10 5:40 11:10
Orville.....Lv.	12:17 5:50 12:18	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:20 5:50 11:20
Massillon.....Lv.	12:50 6:50 1:10	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:30 6:00 11:30
Navarre.....Lv.	1:25 7:45 1:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:40 6:10 11:40
Valley Jct.....Lv.	2:05 8:25 2:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:50 6:20 11:50
Canal Dover.....Lv.	2:40 9:00 2:40	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:00 6:30 12:00
Marletta.....Lv.	3:05 9:25 3:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:10 6:40 12:10
Sherrardsville.....Lv.	3:30 9:50 3:30	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:20 6:50 12:20
Rowersville.....Lv.	3:55 10:15 3:55	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:30 7:00 12:30
Scioto.....Lv.	4:20 10:40 4:20	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:40 7:10 12:40
Scioto.....Lv.	4:45 11:05 4:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:50 7:20 12:50
Jewett.....Lv.	5:10 11:30 5:10	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:00 7:30 1:00
Dillonvale.....Lv.	5:35 11:55 5:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:10 7:40 1:10
Warrenton.....Lv.	6:00 12:20 6:00	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:20 7:50 1:20
Brilliant.....Lv.	6:25 12:45 6:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:30 8:00 1:30
Mingo Jet.....Lv.	6:50 13:10 6:50	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:40 8:10 1:40
Steubenville.....Lv.	7:15 13:35 7:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:50 8:20 1:50
Martin's Ferry.....Lv.	7:40 14:00 7:40	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:00 8:30 2:00
Wheeling.....Lv.	8:05 14:25 8:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:10 8:40 2:10
Going West.	No. 6. No. 8. No. 2* No. 4.	Eastward.	No. 20. No. 18. No. 16. No. 14.
Wheeling.....Lv.	8:30 2:30 8:30	Chicago.....AM	7:00 1:10 7:00
Martin's Ferry.....Lv.	8:55 2:55 8:55	Valparaiso.....AM	7:15 1:25 7:15
Steubenville.....Lv.	9:20 3:20 9:20	Plymouth.....AM	7:30 1:40 7:30
Mingo Jet.....Lv.	9:45 3:45 9:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	7:45 1:55 7:45
Warrenton.....Lv.	10:10 4:10 10:10	Lawrenceville.....AM	7:55 2:05 7:55
Dillonvale.....Lv.	10:35 4:35 10:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	8:05 2:15 8:05
Scioto.....Lv.	11:00 5:00 11:00	Lawrenceville.....AM	8:15 2:25 8:15
Rowersville.....Lv.	11:25 5:25 11:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	8:25 2:35 8:25
Scioto.....Lv.	11:50 5:50 11:50	Lawrenceville.....AM	8:35 2:45 8:35
Valley Jct.....Lv.	12:15 6:15 12:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	8:45 2:55 8:45
Navarre.....Lv.	12:40 6:40 12:40	Lawrenceville.....AM	8:55 3:05 8:55
Marletta.....Lv.	1:05 7:05 1:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	9:05 3:15 9:05
Sherrardsville.....Lv.	1:30 7:30 1:30	Lawrenceville.....AM	9:15 3:25 9:15
Rowersville.....Lv.	1:55 7:55 1:55	Lawrenceville.....AM	9:25 3:35 9:25
Scioto.....Lv.	2:20 8:20 2:20	Lawrenceville.....AM	9:35 3:45 9:35
Scioto.....Lv.	2:45 8:45 2:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	9:45 3:55 9:45
Jewett.....Lv.	3:10 9:10 3:10	Lawrenceville.....AM	9:55 4:05 9:55
Dillonvale.....Lv.	3:35 9:35 3:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:05 4:15 10:05
Warrenton.....Lv.	4:00 10:00 4:00	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:15 4:25 10:15
Brilliant.....Lv.	4:25 10:25 4:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:25 4:35 10:25
Mingo Jet.....Lv.	4:50 10:50 4:50	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:35 4:45 10:35
Steubenville.....Lv.	5:15 11:15 5:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:45 4:55 10:45
Martin's Ferry.....Lv.	5:40 11:40 5:40	Lawrenceville.....AM	10:55 5:05 10:55
Wheeling.....Lv.	6:05 12:05 6:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:05 5:15 11:05
Chicago.....Lv.	7:00 1:10 7:00	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:15 5:25 11:15
Valparaiso.....Lv.	7:15 1:25 7:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:25 5:35 11:25
Plymouth.....Lv.	7:30 1:40 7:30	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:35 5:45 11:35
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	7:45 1:55 7:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:45 5:55 11:45
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	7:55 2:05 7:55	Lawrenceville.....AM	11:55 6:05 11:55
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	8:05 2:15 8:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:05 6:15 12:05
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	8:15 2:25 8:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:15 6:25 12:15
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	8:25 2:35 8:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:25 6:35 12:25
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	8:35 2:45 8:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:35 6:45 12:35
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	8:45 2:55 8:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:45 6:55 12:45
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	8:55 3:05 8:55	Lawrenceville.....AM	12:55 7:05 12:55
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	9:05 3:15 9:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:05 7:15 1:05
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	9:15 3:25 9:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:15 7:25 1:15
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	9:25 3:35 9:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:25 7:35 1:25
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	9:35 3:45 9:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:35 7:45 1:35
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	9:45 3:55 9:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:45 7:55 1:45
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	9:55 4:05 9:55	Lawrenceville.....AM	1:55 8:05 1:55
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	10:05 4:15 10:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:05 8:15 2:05
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	10:15 4:25 10:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:15 8:25 2:15
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	10:25 4:35 10:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:25 8:35 2:25
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	10:35 4:45 10:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:35 8:45 2:35
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	10:45 4:55 10:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:45 8:55 2:45
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	10:55 5:05 10:55	Lawrenceville.....AM	2:55 9:05 2:55
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	11:05 5:15 11:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	3:05 9:15 3:05
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	11:15 5:25 11:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	3:15 9:25 3:15
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	11:25 5:35 11:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	3:25 9:35 3:25
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	11:35 5:45 11:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	3:35 9:45 3:35
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	11:45 5:55 11:45	Lawrenceville.....AM	3:45 9:55 3:45
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	11:55 6:05 11:55	Lawrenceville.....AM	3:55 10:05 3:55
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	12:05 6:15 12:05	Lawrenceville.....AM	4:05 10:15 4:05
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	12:15 6:25 12:15	Lawrenceville.....AM	4:15 10:25 4:15
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	12:25 6:35 12:25	Lawrenceville.....AM	4:25 10:35 4:25
Lawrenceville.....Lv.	12:35 6:45 12:35	Lawrenceville.....AM	4:

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

The two fathers who are to conduct the mission in the St. Joseph's Catholic church, will begin their meetings at 10 a. m. Sunday. The services at 4:30 and 7 p. m. daily, will be for ladies the first week, and for men the second.

A publication is being circulated in Zoar it is said, advocating the separation of the community and division of the property. The paper is printed by one of the many copying processes. The language is said to be very strong.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Patterson, of Saginaw, Mich., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Fox. Mrs. Patterson was formerly Miss Pearl Barney, who visited here a year ago. Mr. and Mrs. Patterson have stopped here on their wedding trip.

Great regret will be occasioned by the news of the partial paralysis of David Keretter, who was stricken last Friday. The family entertain fears that, owing to his age, he may not recover. Mr. Keretter has been a familiar figure in Massillon for years, and his friends hope for the best.

Charles Van Dusen has taken general charge of the W. & L. E. yards at Massillon, and the Columbian Heights. The position was formerly filled by Thomas Powell, who has been removed to Ironville. Mr. Van Dusen was formerly employed by the company as night yard master at Ironville.

Joseph Emerson will leave Massillon, Monday, and will set sail from New York to Liverpool, England, on Wednesday. Mr. Emerson expects to be gone for several months. He will visit his birth place, and will renew acquaintance with relatives and friends whom he has not seen for twenty-seven years.

Miss Rose Jacobi, of Toledo, the charming niece of Mr. O. E. Young, who so recently visited the family here, was quietly married on Monday afternoon to Mr. Charles F. Marshall, of Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall will reside in Chicago, where Mr. Marshall is connected, and has a position in the office of the Lake Shore railroad at the present time.

The young ladies' sewing circle of St. Paul's church will give a spider web social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Snyder, 341 East Main street, beginning at 7 o'clock, Tuesday evening, February 4. There will be several new amusements. "Pinata," "Shatter the Dish," and "Advice for All" will be introduced. Strangers and friends are invited.

The following connections were made with Farmers' Telephone Exchange: Dr. B. J. Miller's office, No. 10; Geo. B. Fulton, drug store, No. 291; F. E. Seaman, drug store, No. 285; Clark G. Smith, feed store, No. 285; W. A. Kohl, tin store, No. 289; F. L. Hemperly, residence, No. 288; Dr. Kimber, East Greenville; I. B. Poock, Rev. W. Miller, J. F. Grossklaus and E. J. Walker, Navarre.

Dr. J. L. McGhie came over from Salem, Friday morning, to shake hands with old friends and shake off a persistent attack of home sickness. He says that visions of Salem before and after becoming a resident are two different things, and he has therefore offered his property for sale and hopes soon to return to Stark county where milk and honey and brotherly love exist in their perfection.

Ralph Daugler gave a jolly progressive euchre party Friday evening, at the home of his parents. Mr. and Mrs. John E. Daugler. Ten tables were occupied, and when the games were over Miss Carrie Taggart had won first honors among the girls, and was awarded a silver glove button, nail file and knife. Chester Humberger stood first among the boys and secured a silver match box. Miss Grace Patterson won the consolation prize, and took home a book.

Misses Mary Kramer, Clara Shaidnagle, and Flora Seiler gave a leap year dance at the Richville avenue real house, last night, to which about fifty friends were invited. Supper was served during the intermission, dancing continuing until a late hour, and all entered into the spirit of the occasion with enthusiasm. Misses Rose and Jessie Kramer, of Cleveland, and John Butler, of Alliance were present.

Mrs. W. B. Humberger entertained a large company of ladies at the Massillon Club, Wednesday afternoon, with progressive euchre. There were twenty tables. Miss Webb was the winner of the first prize, a silver backed clothes brush. Mrs. Wales won the second, a lunch cloth, and Mrs. Slusser was consoled for losing the greatest number of games by receiving a beautiful dolly. Mrs. Owen and Miss June, of Chicago, were among those present.

A telegram brings the news of the death of Evan Morgan, Friday, at Pratt City, Ala. It is supposed, although it is not yet known, that he was killed or fatally injured in some coal mine accident. His family live in Pigeon Run, and the body will be brought to Ohio for burial. He left Stark county last fall. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. lodge of Birmingham, and all Massillon Odd Fellows are requested to be present when the body arrives here, although the honor cannot now be stated.

A literary society of 39 members was organized at the Bridgeport school house Thursday evening. The following officers were elected: Harry Smith, president; Wm. Rastetter, vice president; Miss Mary Smith, secretary; Edward Blaumeiser, treasurer; and Edward Blaumeiser, attorney. The question to be debated on next Thursday evening is: "Resolved, That more knowledge can be gained by reading than by traveling." Affirm, Edward Blaumeiser and Leo Halter; deny, Harry Smith and D. Bordner.

U. K. R. was introduced at the tenth of the Massillon Club parties, Friday night, and as it differs in no important respect from progressive euchre, the thirty games passed off very pleasantly. The winners were Miss Slusser, who cut with Mrs. James Wilson for this honor, and Mr. Henry C. Diehlmann. Miss Slusser received a pretty piece of china and Mr. Diehlmann two books. Freeman's minstrels played for dancing, and during the intermission Miss Bessie Barney, the accomplished niece of Mrs. Gribble, sang several songs by Nevins and DeKoven to the accompaniment of her equally talented sister, Miss Corinne Barney. Among the guests, other than the Misses Barney, of Cleveland, were

Mrs. Owens and Miss June, of Chicago; Mr. Francesco Guardabassi, of Pittsburgh; Miss Whipple; Mr. Wm. A. Ullman, of Denver, and Mr. Robert Ream, of Muncie, Ind. The next party of the series will be given Thursday evening, February 6. Dancing.

THE MUSICAL AT FIVE OAKS.

A Brilliant Event from Every Point of View.

That so large an audience listened to the musicale at Five Oaks, the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McClymonds, on Thursday evening, was doubtless gratifying to the seven ladies of the Women's Cemetery Association, under whose management it was given, but the company of 150 feel a greater reciprocal indebtedness to those who permitted them to enjoy so much good music under such happy and informal conditions. The entire house was thrown open to the public, precisely as though the affair had been a private reception, and while there were chairs in plenty, there were no set seating arrangements, and most people preferred to stand and move around, enjoying the pictures and other works of art during the intermissions. Ices were served in the dining room, throughout the evening. The audience remained for some time after the musicale was over, although the programme was nearly doubled by encores. The artists of the evening were stationed near the fire place in the hall, and could be seen from every direction.

Mrs. Pease and Miss Burton were first to appear in a duo for two pianos, and followed this number with piano solos, each, and a concluding duo. Their brilliant powers, individually, were not strange to most of those present, and their success with the two pianos was correspondingly great, and provoked general enthusiasm. Mr. Francesco Maria Guardabassi, of whom so much has been heard, followed with a Neapolitan song, and was encored, of course, as he was at each re-appearance. His sweet manly voice, so easily controlled, fell upon the ear delightfully, and though the Italian words—for he sang in that tongue entirely—were strange, it seemed as though they carried their true meaning straight to all. Mr. Guardabassi bore off the honors of the occasion. Though afflicted with a bad throat he was most accommodating, responding to repeated demands upon him with unaffected readiness.

Mrs. Dunn's always sweet and pure voice was heard in two numbers, and Miss Wales, also, sang twice, the first time with a violin obligato by Mr. Harold Howald. The sympathetic qualities of her tones, used so artistically in "Ave Maria" commanded even more vigorous praise when she sang Cowen's "Snowflakes" with rare taste and expression. The two quartette numbers, which brought together Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Mrs. C. F. Porter, Mrs. C. A. Gates and Mr. James K. Peacock, were awaited with keen interest which did not diminish after their first appearance. With four excellent voices it would be strange indeed if, as a quartette, they were not blended in the finished manner that made the last number on the programme one that obtained the unusual honor of an encore.

Mr. Guardabassi is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James K. Dunn. R-gret was generally expressed because of the inability of Miss Vandergrift to be present.

THE PROGRAMME.

PART I.
Duo for two Pianos—Allegro—Mozart-Grieg.
Mrs. Pease, Miss Burton.
Song—Marchaise—(Neapolitan Song)—Tosti.
Mr. Guardabassi.
Piano Solo—Scherzo—Chopin.
Miss Burton.
Song—L'ete—Chaminade.
Mrs. Dunn.
PART II.
Quartette—"Oh, My Love is Like a Red, Red Rose"—Hayley.
Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Mrs. Porter, Mr. Gates, Mr. Jas. K. Peacock.
Song—Ave Maria—(W. A. Mozart)—Mascagni.
Miss Wales, Mr. Howald.
Song—Could I—Tosti.
Mr. Guardabassi.
Piano Solo—Impromptu—Schubert.
Mrs. Pease.
Song—Frühlings Nacht—Brahms.
Mrs. Dunn.
PART III.
Duo for two Pianos—Concerto in G Minor—Mendelssohn.
Miss Burton, Mrs. Pease.
Song—Snowflakes—Cowen.
Miss Wales.
Song—Frangene—(Neapolitan Song)—Costa.
Mr. Guardabassi.
Quartette—Song of the Triton—Molloy.
Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Mrs. Porter, Mr. Gates, Mr. Peacock.

THE MINERS DEBATE.

Whether or Not to Return to the National Fold the Question.

The representatives of the miners of Massillon district, after electing officers on Wednesday, spent the remainder of the afternoon in discussing the question whether or not to return as a body to the United Mine Workers of America. The discussion took place in executive session, and the arguments were somewhat heated. It was said afterward that the margin whereby the present independent organization was sustained was very narrow. The only formal business transacted was the adoption of the following resolution:

"Resolved, That we, the miners of the Massillon district in convention assembled, request a joint meeting with our operators at as early a date as practicable to decide on the advance due us March 1st, and to re-arrange the dead work scale."

A JEAN INGELOW EVENING.

Still Another Entertainment for the Cemetery Association.

"Whatever thy hand findeth to do, do with thy might" is a lesson well learned by the women of Massillon and one of which the citizens in times past have had ample proof. But, perhaps, it has never been more forcibly illustrated than during this winter. The zeal and earnestness with which our women have entered into the work being done under the name of the Cemetery Association has swept all before them. Many pleasant evenings have been planned by them, and it is safe to predict that none will be more enjoyable than the one now being arranged for Tuesday, the 11th instant. "An Evening with Jean Ingelow" will be given at the home of Mrs. M. E. Warwick, in East Main street, and the hostesses are Mrs. Warwick and Mrs. S. P. Barnes. The en-

tainmentment will be unique and interesting, and besides many other entertaining features will include the popular little pantomime, "A Tom Thumb Wedding."

BRAVE DAYS OF OLD.

James Bayliss in a Reminiscent Mood.

THE MASSILLON OF LONG AGO.

How James Duncan Concealed His Various Strokes in Enterprise—The First Big Deal of Commodities from Massillon—The Charity Retch School.

A representative of THE INDEPENDENT had the pleasure, a few days since, of finding in a traveling companion, that venerable, hale and delightful Massillonian, Mr. James Bayliss. Mr. Bayliss was in a happy, reminiscent mood, and as the train sped northward through thriving towns and past magnificent manufactories, Mr. Bayliss pointed out many places, now the scene of business activity, that were, in his early days, thick forests or pestiferous swamps.

He came to Massillon a young man of 19, in 1827, after having spent seven years in New York and Philadelphia, where he lived with his parents, who came to the New World, from Warwickshire, in England. Metropolitan life, palled on the taste of the young Englishman, and he started on his own account for the frontier. There were but four houses in Massillon proper when he took up his residence in the village of Kendal.

Young men with brains and energy were welcome acquisitions to the then insignificant community and the business of being a young man in those days, Mr. Bayliss says, has been vastly improved on since. The idea of saddling and riding to Mansfield to see his girl, and incidentally bargain for a sawmill, had no terrors for the Massillon swain of 1828. In recalling the personal characteristics of one of the earliest citizens, Mr. James Duncan, Mr. Bayliss imparted much that is interesting concerning that now historic personage.

"Mr. Duncan," said Mr. Bayliss, "had one of the most peculiarly nervous temperaments I ever knew of. At times, even when he was conducting what were then considered gigantic operations, he would secrete himself in his room and be accessible to nobody for days and weeks at a time, emerging to find his plans miscarried and to pocket often a financial loss that in those days appalled his associates. He was never cast down, though, by these fitful tricks of his mind, but would redouble his efforts, and although he died far from rich, his life was full of achievements, but for which Massillon would not have gained the importance it did in the latter thirties and early forties."

Mr. Bayliss told with evident relish of one of Mr. Duncan's business coups. In 1828, when the Ohio canal was just opened, Mr. Duncan loaded a boat with all the wheat he could purchase, but even then had but half a cargo. He completed the load with bacon and other farm products and "set sail" for New Orleans; he got no further than Cincinnati, however, for he found his cargo had advanced so greatly in value, he could sell it there at a fabulous profit. Mr. Duncan came home on the towpath and his wonderful speculation was considered the greatest business stroke of his life. Mr. Bayliss says he thinks this was the first sale of any Massillon product in the metropolis on the river, though in later years the trade increased to a goodly figure.

Mr. Bayliss was a trustee of the Retch school from the inception of that charity and he followed the institution through its early vicissitudes, giving his own time freely to the establishment of the school and farm, which has, in our day, grown to such usefulness. He recalled the names of many men and women who, as children, were inmates of the school, and in after life gained prominence in political, business or social circles.

Mr. Bayliss's health is unimpaired, his eye as bright as many a younger man's, and although he is 88 years of age he finds as much pleasure in driving a spirited horse and lending his personal supervision to the working of his farm, west of the city, as he did forty years ago.

DEARMIT CUTS PRICES.

An Unfavorable Turn in the Pittsburgh District.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 1.—President William P. DeArmit, of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, yesterday posted notices at his mines to the effect that beginning today the mining rate of that company will be 59 cents a ton, according to the agreement made with the miners last October. President DeArmit advanced the rate to 64 cents a ton cash, January 1, 1896, pending the report of the joint committee on investigation regarding the conditions at the mines in the district. He then stated that if the examination by the committee showed that conditions of "uniformity" did not prevail at all the other mines, his rate would return to the price stipulated in the October contract, at the first semi-monthly pay period after the report. President DeArmit has made a special canvass of the district and announces that it does not agree by far with the report of the committee, and warrants a return to the rate of 59 cents a ton, February 1.

If DeArmit makes good this promise to abandon the scale rate, it may result in such complications as will prevent the granting of the advance expected this spring.

In buying printed matter it is well to know that you are getting what you ordered. When The Independent Company bids on work, and specifies a certain quality of work and paper, the guarantee of the company goes with the work that specifications have been fulfilled.

WILL CENSURE BAYARD.

A Crush to See the Senate Vote Today.

BUTLER'S AMENDMENT DEFEATED.

Silver Men Unite with Sound Money Wing and Defeat the North Carolina Senator's Proposition—Mr. Morrill Opposes the Silver Substitute.

(By Associated Press to The Independent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—By a party vote, the House foreign affairs committee adopted a report censuring Ambassador Bayard.

IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The first vote in the Senate occurred upon the amendment of Senator Butler to prevent the further issue of bonds without the authority of Congress, and to pay coin obligations of the government in silver when silver bullion was below the par value of gold. The amendment was defeated; yeas, 13, nays, 60. The Senate was crowded, awaiting the vote, this afternoon, on the substitute for the bond bill. Mr. Morrill occupied the time opposing the silver substitute reported from the committee of which he is chairman.

The senate defeated Mr. Allen's amendment for bidding on bond issues. It was defeated two to one. Mr. Gorman's motion to lay the free silver amendment on the table was lost 34 to 43.

CHAPMAN TO GO TO JAIL.

Elverton Chapman, the New York stock broker, was sentenced to pay \$100 fine and submit to imprisonment for 30 days for refusing to testify in the investigation of senators for speculating in sugar.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

ENGLISH PAPERS ON DUNRAVEN.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—The Pall Mall Gazette and Globe, commenting on the finding of the New York Yacht Club on the Dunraven inquiry, support Dunraven. The Pall Mall Gazette hopes that the incident will close the international contest between England and America.

The St. James Gazette heads its article, "A Case for Apology," and says: "Lord Dunraven owes it to himself as a gentleman to apologize to those he accused without justification. The New York Yacht Club has acted with courtesy and good temper under very grave provocation and Lord Dunraven owes to the club and to American sportsmen generally very ample amends."

POPULATION OF MEXICO.

MEXICO, Feb. 1.—[By Associated

Press]—The federal census shows the population of the republic to be 12,500,000. The city of Mexico has 340,000; Puebla 92,000; Guadalajara 84,000; San Luis Potosi 70,000.

MURDERED AND BEHEADED.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—The dead body of a young woman was found in a secluded spot this morning, on Alexandria Pike, fifty yards from the road and half a mile from Ft. Thomas. There were evidences of a severe struggle. The woman was beheaded and the head is missing. There is no clue to her identity nor to the murderer.

All the Fighters There.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 1.—[By Associated Press]—All the fighters will be here Monday. Yesterday Dan Stuart appointed Lou Houseman, of the Chicago Inter Ocean official timekeeper of all contests. John Quinn, Maher's manager, it is announced, will accept Denver Ed. Smith's challenge to win or lose \$5,000 a side.

A FINE ADDRESS.

James Woods and His Speech to the Workmen.

James Woods, of the Cigarmakers' Association, delivered a short but very interesting address to a fair sized audience of workmen at the Trades and Labor Assembly hall, Friday evening. After the speech Mr. Woods was given a vote of thanks and was made to promise that he would return on some future day and begin a vigorous campaign against non-union and foreign manufactured goods. Mr. Woods left this morning for Mansfield.

She Was Reckless.

The train was about ten miles west of Ypsilanti when an oldish man came into the car with a bill in his hand and called out:

"Kin any purson here change a \$10 bill fur me?"

Everybody was willing to try, and he finally got two fives. Then he wanted one of them broken, and he finally found a passenger who said he could give him five ones.

"I'll take 'em," replied the man, "but then I shall want somebody to bust a dollar fur me."

"Will two halves do?" asked a woman as she investigated her purse.

"Yes, if I can't git four quarters," he replied. "I'm sorry to make all this trouble, but you see how it is: The old woman has sorter decided to stop off at Ypsilanti and visit her sister fur three or four days, while I go to Detroit and back. Her sister mayn't be home, and she'll naturally feel a little queer without any money. I thought I'd give her a quarter, but if I can't get it, why, I'll let her take 50 cents, though I know I'll never see any of it back. She'll go down town and run through a dollar in less'n two hours, and I have to keep a curb on her."

He finally got a quarter, and the "old woman" had it tied up in the corner of her handkerchief as she got off at Ypsilanti.—Detroit Free Press.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Some Signs of Definite Improvement, Though Business Still Waits.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued to-day, says: Though business is still waiting, there are some signs of definite improvement. It is now believed that the first payment for bonds will cause no further pressure and the money markets are easier as respect loans on collateral, though the difficulty of making commercial loans still check operations. A good spring trade is predicted.

Signs of improvement in the iron and steel business are gratifying, even though they spring from combinations which have raised the price of coke and allotted the output of lake iron ore. There is also a better demand for wire nails, after long stagnation, and also for sheets. Pigiron is rather weaker, southern works competing sharply, while speculative buyers of some months ago are selling below present furnace prices, but the average for all products is practically unchanged and 11.4 per cent below the highest last year. Coke production has been cut down 10,975 tons in a single week. Minor metals are strengthened a shade by speculation. Sales of 9,995,000 pounds domestic in January against 13,004,615 last year, but 14,074,900 foreign against 9,551,550 last year have diminished of late, manufacturers buying only for present needs.

Wheat has again advanced about 3 cents for cash, but only 1½ cents for May, although Atlantic exports are little larger than a year ago. Corn has ceased to "sympathize" and records little advance.

The failures for the week have been 404 in the United States, against 354 last year, and 70 in Canada, against 54 last year.

Jumped From a Steamer's Deck.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—T. E. Hughes of Gainesville, Fla., has committed suicide by jumping from the deck of the steamer Tallahassee, on which he had come as a passenger from Boston, into the Delaware river.

Hung For a Triple Murder.

ALBANY, Or., Feb. 1.—Lloyd Montgomery, an 18-year-old boy, has been hung here. His crime was the murder of his father and mother and Daniel McKearcher on a farm near Brownsville, Or., Nov. 19 last.

Two Miners Killed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 1.—A charge of dynamite has exploded prematurely on slope No. 2 at the Henry Ellen coal mines, and Evan Morgan of Ohio and George Beard of Alabama were almost instantly killed.

Remarkable Discovery of Plunder.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 1.—Thousands of dollars' worth of plunder has been found in caves under the homes of a gang of burglars and horse thieves in Florence, this county, by Sheriff Andriana.

McCarthy to Drop the Leadership.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Westminster Gazette says that it is almost certain that Justin McCarthy will not resume the leadership of the Irish party in parliament after the reassembling of that body.

NOVELTIES IN VALENTINES!

Pretty New Designs in Card Valentines, Lace Valentines, German Valentines, Comic Valentines, Booklet Valentines, Everything in Valentines, FROM ONE CENT UP.

BAHNEY'S BOOK STORE.

20 East Main Street, Massillon, O.